THE WEATHER.

Increasing cloudiness, rain by Thursday night and on Friday, moderate temperature; east to southeast winds.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A. D. 1867

THE BOOSTERS' CLUB.

Say a good word for Wilmington. Don't knock—you can't saw wood with a hammer.—Register.

VOL. LXXXV—NO. 96. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 13, 1910. WHOLE NUMBER 13,190.

Library of Congress

WHITE SLAVE BILL PASSED IN HOUSE

Drastic Measure Looking Toward Suppression of Nefarious Traffic.

STATE PHASE ACTED UPON

More Than Dozen Members Denounced Slave Traffic During the Debate—Mann Surprised Defenders of Bill.

Washington, Jan. 12.—Drastic action looking toward the suppressing of the "white slave" traffic in the United States was taken today by the House

A bill was passed under which, if adopted by the Senate, it will be unlawful for any person to provide transportation from one State to another for any person who engages in prostitution or other immoral practices. The mere purchase of a ticket for a woman whereby she would be "enabled or assisted" to go from State to State for immoral purposes will render the purchaser liable to ten years imprisonment and a $5,000 fine. Immoral alien women are to be deported whenever they are discovered and their procurers are to be excluded deported and punished.

"It is indeed necessary that this measure shall be drastic," declared Representative Bennett, of New York, in charge of the measure, and co-author of it. "This infamous 'white slave' traffic must be broken up and the immigration committee believes the pending measure will survive every constitutional test to which it may be subjected."

Chairman Mann, of the committee on inter-state and foreign commerce, who stated yesterday that he was not opposed to the bill, sprang a surprise upon its defenders by moving to recommit the measure. The motion was lost by a vote of 36 to 174.

Whatever opposition there was to certain sections of the pending bill few members seemed anxious to have themselves placed on record as voting against it, and only an oral vote was taken on its final passage.

More than 12 members availed themselves of the opportunity to denounce the "white slave" traffic while the measure was in debate.

House Against Amendments.

The House today refused to concur in the Senate amendments to the so-called Pinchot-Ballinger resolution and decided to ask for a conference. The Speaker named the following conferees: Representative Dalzell, of Pennsylvania; Smith, of Iowa, and Fitzgerald, of New York.

The Senate joint resolution is a compromise measure, the basis of which was the Jones-Humphrey resolution. A portion of the resolution reported from the House committee on rules was incorporated in the measure, and this included all of that part which provided for the compulsory attendance of witnesses and the punishment of those who refused to obey the orders of the investigating committee. It provides for the election of the House members by the House itself in accordance with the wish of that body expressed by a close vote. The sending of the resolution to conference is a mere formality and indicates that the contest over the form of the resolution is near at hand.

When the action of the House was reported to the Senate it agreed to the conference. Senators Nelson, Clark, of Wyoming, and McEnery were named as conferees.

FIVE SEED CORN MEETINGS

Meetings to be Held in Congressman Godwin's District.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Washington, D. C., Jan. 11.—Representative Godwin has arranged with the Agricultural Department here, through Dr. Knapp, of the Farmers' Co-operative Demonstration Work, to hold five seed corn meetings, or corn judging days, at the county seats of the five counties in his district where demonstration work is now being carried on. The dates for holding these meetings have not as yet been finally arranged, but they will be held sometime in February at Whiteville, Lumberton, Elizabethown, Fayetteville, and Lillington.

It is the intention of Mr. Godwin and the Department to make these meetings interesting and of much profit to the corn growers of these counties.

INCREASE PRICE OF SHOES

Demanded by Trade Conditions Says President Hanan.

New York, Jan. 12.—Trade conditions demand an increase in the retail price of shoes. Retailers probably will increase their prices from 10 to 12 per cent. before the close of the present year. This in effect is what President John N. Hanan said today as he addressed the sixth annual convention of the National Association of Boot and Shoe Manufacturers.

The convention adopted a resolution calling for a re-adjustment of prices in all lines and grades of shoes on account of the increased cost of materials during the last two years.

A special committee was appointed to declare war on abnormal styles in footwear, among them "college hooks" and other bizarre designs.

INVESTIGATING THE WRECK

Corporation Commission Inquiring Into Recent Smash on Southern Near Greensboro—Great Array of Witnesses.

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 12.—For the investigation of the cause of the Southern Railway accident at Brown Summit, near Greensboro, last month there were before the Corporation Commission here today Coroner W. W. Wood and his jury, of Greensboro, who inspected the scene of the wreck immediately after the accident, and quite a number of officials and employes of the railroad intimately connected with that section of the main line on which the accident occurred.

Corporation Commissioners Franklin McNeill and S. L. Rogers presided, Commissioner Aycock being detained at his home by sickness. The weight of the evidence presented by the railroad company was that the accident was due to the splitting of a rail at a point where there had been left in it from the rolling, a gas bubble that caused the split.

The evidence was that the Southern is a member of the American Railway Association and conforms closely to the regulations of this association in maintaining the standard of the main line road beds and that the defective rail was put down in October, 1908, the life of a rail in a section such as it was a part being eight or ten years.

Coroner Wood and his jurors, E. A. Brown, T. J. Cox, J. S. Phipps, C. C. MsLean, V. C. Sergeant and Z. V. Connors, of Greensboro, was practically the same as that originally reported in their investigation at the time of the wreck. The split rail, the crossties and some other "relics" of the wreck, were exhibited in court for the examination as showing that the accident was due to the defective rail, the defect in which it would have been impossible to detect, and that the wreck was, therefore, unavoidable.

Southern Railway officials and employes here for the hearing were: Col. A. B. Andrews, vice president; Alfred P. Thom, general counsel; W. D. Lum, chief engineer maintenance of way; A. H. Westfall, general superintendent; P. G. Walton, superintendent; H. W. Miller, assistant to first vice president; Thomas Bernard, engineer, maintenance of way; H. D. Knight, roadmaster, Danville Division; C. H. Anderson, superintendent of track, Danville division; N. L. Hall, supervisor bridges and buildings, Danville division; B. A. Osborn, section master; also C. M. James, chief engineer, maintenance of ways, Atlantic Coast Line, and A. W. Thompson, chief engineer, maintenance of ways, Baltimore & Ohio Railway.

SIMON B. CHAPIN SUSPENDED.

For Participation in Manipulation of Rock Island Stock.

New York, Jan. 12.—Simon B. Chapin, head of the New York and Chicago firm of S. B. Chapin & Company, was suspended from the privileges of the New York Stock Exchange today for a period of 60 days for participation in the Rock Island fiasco of December 27th last, when alleged ill-manged manipulation sent the common shares of the Rock Island Company from 50 to 81 and back again in a period of 12 minutes.

F. D. Countiss, one of Mr. Chapin's partners, and the only other board member of the firm, was also suspended for 20 days.

Notwithstanding all the present rumors concerning the Rock Island deal involving the name of Daniel G. Reid, chairman of the board of directors of the Rock Island Company, for whom, it is said, Chapin & Company executed their buying orders, the verdict of the stock exchange governors indicates that the infractions of the suspended members are not regarded very seriously. They were found guilty as announced, of "acts detrimental to the welfare of the exchange."

Contrary to general expectations no other members of the exchange are to be punished, though it is known that the investigation of the special committee appointed by the governors brought out facts supposed to have involved several other firms.

The sessions of the investigating committee were executive and the "inside" of the entire transaction is thus kept from the general public. As Wall street has analyzed the situation however, S. B. Chapin & Company, acted for Mr. Reid or others in the purchase of Rock Island stock, while a looked for selling order was not forthcoming, thus nipping an intended "match sale" which would have threatened a corner.

The firm of S. B. Chapin & Company was organized in the latter part of 1901. Their main offices are in Chicago and their connections have always been of a powerful and profitable character. The firm's clientage is largely from the West.

Lynchburg, Va., Jan 12.—The Lynchburg Y. M. C. A. five out-classed the Davidson, (N. C.) College basket ball team here tonight in a hard fought game, the score being 0 to 16. The local team had the best of the game at all stages.

Melbourne, Australia, Jan. 12.—Stanley Ketchel has sent a cable message to Hugh McIntosh, the fight promoter, that he is willing to meet Tommy Burns, in Australia. The match probably will be made and the fight take place in Sydney about Easter. Bob Fitzsimmons will train Ketchel.

FIGHT TO SETTLE NICARAGUA AFFAIR

Provisionals Rapidly Advancing on Managua For Decisive Battle.

MOVEMENTS OF THE TROOPS

Last Struggle Expected Within the Next Few Days—Unable to Tell Strength of the Enemy—Government's Soldiers.

Bluefields, Nic., Jan. 12.—General Chamorro telegraphed that a decisive battle will be fought at Acoyapa. His message now made public, was sent on Monday last. At that time 3,000 provisionals with 20 cannons and eight rapid fire guns had been concentrated and were moving on the government forces entrenched at Acoyapa.

Earlier reports that General Mena had occupied Acoyapa unopposed were erroneous and grew out of the fact that an advance guard of 400 provisionals reconnoitered in that vicinity. They did not enter the town. The recent official statements based on messages from Granada to the effect that there were no insurgent troops in the State of Chontales, within which Acoyapa is situated, appear to have been promulgated in order to deceive the enemy into believing that the provisionals were inactive. The correspondents who left for the front today were informed that the expected battle would not take place probably before a week or ten days. Chamorro's message came as a surprise to those who are thoroughly informed of the situation. There is high authority for the statement that Chamorro expected to march unopposed to Managua.

The movement of the troops culminating in their concentration before Acoyapa began three weeks ago immediately after the battle of Recreo. General Mena with 1,000 men proceeded up the Rama river; Generals Masis and Corro struck into the west following the Mico river, while General Chamorro moved up the Siquia river.

Both sides of these rivers were scouted as the troops proceeded. General Chamorro emerged at the town of Lamanga while Masis and Correo made their way to LaLibertad. This maneuvres with that of General Mena, accomplished the object of ascertaining that the country afforded hundreds of head of cattle. General Chamorro recently telegraphed that he needed no food supplies from Bluefields as ample subsistence was obtained along the line of march. Good roads lead from LaLibertad and Lamanga to Acoyapa and then to Manague. It is a three days march only from Acoyapa to Managua.

Knowledge as to the strength of the enemy is not had here.

Advance on Manague.

Washington, Jan. 12.—The advance on Managua is as good as victory in the opinion of the Central American diplomatic colony here. The strategists were pointing out tonight that Chamorro will probably next advance on Granada the second important city in Nictragua and that city they believe will be taken without a battle. It is the stronghold of the Chamorro family and the seat of the conservatives, who are behind the revolution.

Acoyapa is only two days from Granada and three days from Managua. Chamorro's probable line of advance is expected to be upon Granada and then to Managua. Once in possession of Granada he will be subject to attack from one side only, as back of Granada are the river and lake.

The Central Americans here expect to hear soon of the joining of the two sections of the insurgent army. The recent advance on Greytown they believe was a feint. From Acoyapa, the insurgent army, will march through a friendly country where travel is easy and food plentiful.

GEN. RUFUS N. RHODES DEAD.

President of Publishers' Association and Well Known Southerner.

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 12.—General Rufus Napoleon Rhodes, president and editor of the Birmingham News, a director of the Express and president of the Southern Publishers' Association, died today after a lengthy illness of Brights disease and arterial trouble.

General Rhodes was born at Pascagoula, Miss., June 5th, 1856. He married Miss Margaret Smith, at Clarksville, Tenn., in 1882. He read law in Clarksville and served as city attorney of that place from 1877 to 1881, was a member of the Tennessee Legislature 1881-82 and also practiced law four years in Chicago.

General Rhodes founded the Birmingham News in 1888 and has been prominent in public life in this city and State ever since. He was a delegate at-large from Alahama to the National Democratic convention in 1892 and 1904. He was named a brigadier general of the State troops in 1898.

General Rhodes is survived by his widow, his mother, a sister and a brother.

The funeral will take place Thursday afternoon from the Church of the Advent Episcopal, interment to be at Elmwood cemetery, this city.

LAYMEN THRONG GREENSBORO CITY

Opening Session of Great Convention Held There Last Night.

DELEGATES ON EVERY TRAIN

Already More Than a Thousand Registered—Promise of a Great Session During Three Days Programme—Speakers.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Greensboro, N. C., Jan. 12.—The North Carolina Convention in the National campaign of the Laymen's Missionary movement began in this city this evening, with the presentation of a programme that was full of interest and inspiration to larger work for the cause of foreign missions.

The presiding officer of the convention, Rev. D. Clay Lilly, D. D., who is field secretary of the National Laymen's Missionary Movement, called the convention to order and led the responsive scripture lesson and the opening prayer, then requested Hon. A. M. Scales, of this city to preside. The speakers this evening were Dr. George B. Cromes, secretary of the movement in the Lutheran church; Rev. C. A. R. Jauvier, of Philadelphia, who has spent most of his life as a Presbyterian missionary in India, and Mr. C. H. Pratt, secretary of the movement in the Southern Presbyterian Church.

There is a very large attendance of delegates, already more than a thousand having registered and others coming on every train. No other convention of a religious nature has brought together so many men in this State. Most of those here are laymen, but a large number of ministers are present also. The delegates represent every evangelical denomination in the State and they have come from all parts of North Carolina.

Three session of the convention will be held tomorrow and three on Friday, adjournment being taken after the close of the Friday evening session. This convention is the first in the campaign which the Laymen's Movement will hold in the South and West within the next few weeks, making an itinerary of about 20 of the leading cities and holding conventions in each of these.

The Laymen's Movement has aroused a great interest in the cause of foreign missions and in every denomination where the movement is organized, the contributions to foreign missions were increased last year by more than 25 per cent. over those of the previous years.

The successful arrangement and conduct of these conventions is due in a large degree to the faithful work of Dr. Lilly, who is devoting himself untiringly to this work and who is an invaluable leader in the Laymen's Movement.

REPUBLICANS JOINT CAUCUS

Selected a New Congressional Committee—A Mild Session.

Washington, Jan. 12.—The joint Republican caucus of the Senate and House tonight selected a new Congressional committee and adjourned after a perfunctory session. None of the interesting issues came up which it was predicted, might be injected into the proceedings. The meeting was in the hall of the House of Representatives and was presided over by Senator Hale, of Maine.

The only recognized "insurgents" on the committee are Woods, of Iowa, and Hinshaw, of Nebraska. Among the new Congressional commission by States for the South so far as named: Kentucky, John W. Langley; North Carolina, J. M. Moorehead; Tennessee, R. W. Austin; Virginia, C. B. Slemp; West Virginia, James A. Hughes.

OUTLINES.

Drastic action looking toward the supression of the "white slave" traffic in this country was taken by the House yesterday in the passage of the so-called slave traffic bill——President Brown, of the New York Central Railroad, in an address in Boston last night sounded a note or warning on the present increased cost of living, saying that there must be an increase in production or the country will face an unrentless certain day of need——Louis Paulhan, a French aviator, ascended 4,000 feet at the aviation meet in Los Angeles yesterday, breaking all records for altitude——From advices received through Bluefields it is predicted that a decision battle will be fought in Nicaragua between the government and provisional forces within the next few days——Three people perished in a fire early yesterday morning at the Jamestown Exposition grounds——General Rufus N. Rhodes, president of Southern Publishers' Association, died yesterday at Montgomery, Ala.——New York markets: Money on call firm 3 to 5 per cent., ruling rate 4 7-8, closing bid 3 1-4, offered at 4; spot cotton closed quiet 30 points lower, middling uplands 15.00, middling gulf 15.25; flour steady and about quiet; wheat steady No. red 1.33 elevator domestic and 1.23 f. o. b. afloat nominal; corn spot strong, No. 2, 74 3-4 elevator domestic 75 1-2 delivered and 73 1-4 f. o. b. afloat nominal; rosin and turpentine steady; oats spot strong, mixed 51.

NATION WILL FACE RELENTLESS DAY

Unless Production is Increased to Meet Demands of The Country.

SOUNDS NOTE OF WARNING

Caused by Steady Increase in Cost of Living—Must Devise More Intelligent Methods—Address of President Brown.

Boston, Jan. 12.—"We must increase production per acre by more intelligent methods or we must face the relentless, certain day when we shall not produce food enough to supply our own necessities," said President William C. Brown, of the New York Central Railroad, in an address tonight before the New England Club. The wages of labor, he declared, must continue to advance in fair ratio with the steady increase in the cost of living.

Many representatives of New England railroad interests were gathered about the banquet tables at Hotel Somerset. Governor Eben S. Draper also was a principal guest and speaker.

President Brown's speech, coming as it does at the height of a new flood-tide of national prosperity, was intended for a warning of the most serious import. It gains added force by its reiteration of the recent admonitions of James J. Hill, another great railroad man as well as those of visiting students of our internal affairs; and it is especially timely in view of the fact that the employes of all the railroads east of the Mississippi are formulating demands for an increase in wages, based on the increased cost of living. Mr. Brown said, in part:

"The most portentious cloud discernible upon the political or economic horizon at this time is the steady, relentless increase in price of everything that goes to make up the cost of living.

"With a succession of bountiful harvests the price of grain has steadily advanced until the prices of 1908-1909 show increases over those of 1998 as follows:

"Corn, an increase of 111.2 per cent; oats an increase of 85.1 per cent.; wheat, an increase of 59.5 per cent.; potatoes, an increase of 70.5 per cent.; hay, an increase of 49.7 per cent.

"With a normal increase and no disease to deplete our herds, values have increased marvelously. Notwithstanding the advent of the automobile, horses and mules show an increase in value of more than 160 per cent. The products of the forest make an equally marvelous showing. Anthracite and bituminous coal have advanced 29 and 42 per cent., respectively; lard 113 per cent., pork 82 per cent., and tallow 55 per cent.

This unusual phenomenon of steadily rising values in the face of a long succession of bountiful crops is one of the most important and well as interesting problems that confronts the political economist today. The crop grown in 1908 has been almost consumed. The coal mined last year has been burned, but the gold produced year after year piles up and as it accumulates it takes more gold to buy a bushel of wheat, a suit of clothes, a pound of beefsteak, a sack of flour or any of the other necessities of life.

"Another force working for higher cost of living, more insistently, more powerfully and with a sinister significance compared with which all others become negligible factors; and this is the alarming rapidity with which consumption of the products of the nation's farms is overtaking production.

"Statistics show that the failure to increase the product of our farms in anything like the ratio of increase in consumption is exerting more than three times the effect upon cost of living that the increase of gold is having.

"If the converging lines of production and consumption in the United States continue to approach each other as they have during the past ten years, before the middle of the decade upon which we have just entered has been reached, the last vessel loaded with the agricultural products of this country will have left our shores, the exporting grain elevators in our seaboard cities will stand empty and this great nation, like those of the old world will be looking for a place to buy the necessaries of life.

There is no alternative—we must increase production per acre by more intelligent methods, or we must face the relentless, certain day when we shall not produce food enough to supply our own necessities."

REMAINS IN DEADLOCK.

Unable to Select Successor to McLaurin—"Dark Horse" Rumor.

Jackson, Miss, Jan. 12.—With three more ballots taken today the deadlock in the Senatorial caucus to name the successor of the late Senator A. J. McLaurin was not broken.

The ballots taken today showed the candidates with about the same strength as yesterday. Chief Justice Whitfield and Speaker Street were again talked of today as "dark horses."

THE GRAND LODGE OF MASONS

Officers Elected For Ensuing Year—Inspection of National Guard—Charters Issued—Other Raleigh News Notes.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 12.—The North Carolina Grand Lodge of Masons this afternoon elected Richard N. Hackett, former Congressman, of Wilkesboro, as Grand Master; W. B. McKoy, of Wilmington, Deputy Grand Master; F. M. Winchester, of Charlotte, Senior Grand Warden; John T. Alderman, of Henderson, Junior Grand Warden; Leo. D. Heartt, of Raleigh, is re-elected Grand Treasurer and John C. Drewry, of Raleigh, Grand Secretary.

The Grand Lodge adopted a resolution to place a marble bust of Governor Samuel Johnson in the rotunda of the State House, he having been the first Grand Master of this jurisdiction. The sum of $7,500 is appropriated toward paying off the temple indebtedness. Last year $10,000 was appropriated for this purpose. The temple finances were reported in fine condition.

The Grand Lodge this evening appointed a Board of Trustees and set about the work of establishing a Masonic and Eastern Star Home for aged and infirm Masons, their wives and daughters. Members of the Board are F. M. Winchester, chairman, five year term; M. W. White, four; L. M. Clymer, three; A. J. Parker, two; W. H. McLean, one year. This board will be expected to report definitely in detail at the next annual session of the Grand Lodge.

In Federal Court today Eben Cagle, the noted blockader of Richmond and Montgomery counties, submitted to a charge of blockading and was sentenced to 14 months in the penitentiary at Atlanta.

Official announcement is made by Adjutant General Armfield that the annual inspections of the companies constituting the North Carolina National Guard will be held between February 13th and April 2nd by an inspection on the part of the United States War Department and the State inspector. The dates are: Raleigh, February 15; Lumber Bridge, 16; Fayetteville, 17; Wilson, 18; Wilmington, 19; Clinton, 21; Rocky Mount, 22; Goldsboro 23 and 24; Kinston, 25; Newbern, 26; Edenton, 28; Washington March, 1; Tarboro, 2; Weldon, 3; Warrenton, 4; Oxford, 5; Henderson, 7; Louisburg, 8; Franklinton, 9; Durham, 10; Burlington, 11; Lexington, 12; Reidsville, 14; Thomasville, 15; Winston-Salem, 16; Mt. Airy, 17; Greensboro, 18; Salisbury, 19; High Point, 21; Concord, 22; Charlotte, 23 and 24; Wadesboro, 25; Shelby, 26; Dallas, 28; Statesville, 29; Hickory, 30; Asheville, 31, and April 1; Waynesville, April 2.

The Tarboro Knitting Mills Co., changes its name to the Runneymede Mills No. 2. George Howard is president. Charters are issued for J. C. Marsh Co., Marshville, capital $12,000, and to The Edgecombe Automobile Co., Tarboro, capital $50,000 by W. A. Hart and others.

The bond of J. E. Smith, the young Wake county farmer who swindled Barbee Co., cotton brokers here, out of over $400 by raising a cotton weigher's certificate so as to show 11 instead of one bale weighed, and procuring a check for the larger number, was called out as forfeited in Wake court today, the statement being made that the young man had fled the State. Smith was arrested some weeks ago while in a Pullman car with his wife starting to Atlanta. He admitted the fraud and relatives and his wife arranged to refund the loss sustained by Barbee & Co., and to put up $250 cash bond for him. It is this bond that he now forfeits instead of carrying out his stated purpose of asking the mercy of the court.

Major W. A. Guthrie, Durham, appeared before Judge Connor this morning and procured the continuance for the term of the case from Durham against the Norfolk & Western Railroad Co., charging the violation of the act of Congress making it $100 fine for trains to be moved when there are automatic couplers out of fix. The continuance was to the May term because of the crowded condition of the docket, Major Guthrie informed the court that a case on allfours with this one was already pending in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

Deputy Collector M. L. Wood of the internal revenue department whose territory is in Bertie and adjacent counties, says that blockading distilling has increased at least 100 per cent in the past year, compared with the previous year. He says, too, that it is far more difficult to get information that will lead to the location of these stills.

Deputy Internal Revenue Collector R. J. Lewis, here from Franklin county, reports the breaking up of one 15-gallon and one 10-gallon blockade still recently.

The reprieve granted to Walter Morrison, of Robeson county, and to John Atkinson, of Johnson county, on account of the failure of electrical apparatus to arrive from New York, is to March 18th, at which time both will be electrocuted on the same day.

KU KLUX LEADER DEAD.

Judge John Calvin Reed, Noted Georgian, Passes Away.

Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 12.—Judge John Calvin Reed, of Atlanta, Ga., noted as a lawyer, author and scholar, died here today aged 73. He graduated from Princeton in the class of '54 and saw service throughout the Civil war in the eighth Georgia Volunteers. He was an active leader in the Ku Klux Klan.

FRENCH AVIATOR FLYS THE HIGHEST

Louis Paulhan, Ascends Over 4,000 Feet, Breaking All Records.

SUCCESS OF AVIATION MEET

Paulhan's Thrilling Flight Made Him Idol of the Crowd Last Night. Curtiss Made Several Flights—Spectators.

Aviation Camp, Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 12.—Louis Paulhan, French aviator, broke all official and unofficial records for altitude in a Farman bi-plane today by flying to a height of more than 4,000 feet and descending safely after 50 minutes and 46 1-5 seconds in the air.

The exact height reached is not known, but it is certain that he exceeded the record of 3,600 feet. The instrument on Paulhan's machine registered the greatest height at 4,600 feet.

The judges record of Paulhan's altitude which is yet to be sanctioned officially, was 1,540 metres, approximately 5,000 feet. The time of the descent was 7 minutes, 30 seconds.

Paulhan is the idol of the crowd tonight. He made his record shortly after losing the speed record of the course to Glenn H. Curtiss.

The Frenchman, using an engine that had just arrived from Paris, had been on the course all afternoon. He had circled the course again and again, skidding and dipping and swinging corners in a daring fashion that made his wife shiver with fright.

The sun was low toward the sea and the shadows had begun to gather when Paulhan decided to go higher in the air than any man in a heavier-than-air machine ever had flown.

The wind barely stirred. Paulhan made a short circle over the 50,000 spectators. Curtiss had previously tried the higher currents and come down.

Paulhan pointed north, went up 1,000 feet, passed over the center of the field again, then turned north and up again.

The crowd grew breathlessly intent as the Frenchman and his air machine rapidly became a speck in the gathering swilight.

At a height of 1,300 feet Paulhan described a great circle to feel the currents. When word spread that he had beaten Hubert Latham's record of 1,800 feet, the vast throng became frantic.

After the aviator was as near out of sight as he could be without disappearing, Paulhan began to descend.

He came down easily in front of the grand stand after having risen to the plane of the mountain peaks.

Paulhan gave the crowd another treat earlier in the afternoon in his Farman machine rising in a wide circle to a height of 600 feet, sailed a mile or more over the adjacent fields. Then he swept back to earth. The third day of the international aviation meet was perfect. The spectators numbered 50,000.

Stretched out before the eyes of these fascinated people was a plateau dotted with the newest designs in air craft. The big white tents of the aviators were in the foreground.

The morning passed with no movement from the tents. Toward noon Miscarol in a Bleriot monoplane flew down the far end of the course and whetted the appetite of the crowd.

Paulhan, shortly after noon began preparations in earnest. His new engine tested to his satisfaction. He called his mechanicians and took his seat. Paulhan waved his hand gaily, lifted his arms as though he were about to fly without any aid, but his own daring spirit, and the skids left the ground.

Over the bumps and rough field for a few yards, then a faster whirr from the machine and a lift that carried him into the upper currents. Curtiss, keen and silent, and Paulhan, boyish and daring, represent the great contests of the meet.

After his first flight Paulhan hardly gave his engine time to cool before he tried another flight, taking Maisson as a passenger. Apparently the flight was as easy as the first, but did not rise as high.

At 2 o'clock the balloons and the dirigible driven by Knabenshue and Beachey crowded over the course. Two Curtiss machines were dragged to the starting place.

Then Curtiss took his seat and gave the signal. After a short trial flight he increased his speed to the rate of 43 1-2 miles an hour. The time for the course of slightly more than a mile and a half was 2:13 3-4. No sooner had Curtiss alighted and strolled away than Paulhan's manager announced that the Frenchman would seek to take the speed honor from the American.

The course was cleared with difficulty and Paulhan started. His engine had less power. His turns were not so sharp. The result of the second lap was the one timed, was 14 seconds slower than Curtiss record. The Frenchman kept circling the course six times, but he did not equal Curtiss' record, though he covered more than eight miles in the flight.

Pleased with his victory Curtiss went up to feel out the air curents for a high flight. At the height of 100 feet he circled twice around the course

and came down.

Charles K. Hamilton, in a Curtiss machine, made a qualifying flight, but came down after an erratic flight for a minute.

Then Curtiss half circled the field with Harmon as passenger. It was after all this that Paulhan made the most spectacular flight of all, rising mountain high.

Including the local airship, there are 26 entries on the field. These are all that qualified for the original 57 entrants, except a few designs without engines that stand in sheds near the entrance.

TAFT WRITES INSURGENT.

Says Administration is Making No War on Any Member of House.

Washington, Jan. 12.—That correspondence has passed between President Taft and Representative Norris, of Nebraska, one of the foremost of the insurgents concerning the insurgent controversy was admitted by the Nebraska member today, but in the absence of official sanction he declines to make public the contents of the letters.

Mr. Norris wrote to the President protesting against the action of the Republican Congressional committee in opposing insurgent members in their home districts. In reply President Taft is said to have written Mr. Norris a letter declaring that the administration was making no war upon any member of the House and that he in no wise blamed individual members for acting in an independent capacity in anything affecting themselves or their districts. The President, however, is said to have deprecated the action of the Republican insurgents in making such a fight as to cause the press and the public to believe that a division had occurred within the party and that the administration was confronted with a serious defection in its own ranks before it had become a year old. Representative Miller, of Minnesota, another one of the insurgents, is said to have similar assurances from the President, sent to him through an intermediary.

Theaters of Different Ages.

The difference between the playhouse in which we see a drama of Bronson Howard's today and the playhouse in which Sheridan's comedies were originally acted is greater than the difference between Sheridan's Drury Lane and the house for which Congreve wrote and in which Betterton acted. And that restoration playhouse was very unlike the Elizabethan theater for which Shakespeare wrote and in which Burbage acted. Even more apparent is the difference between the theater of Dionysius at Athens and the Roman theater at Orange. These theaters are sharply distinguished from one another by their size, by their shape, by their methods of illumination, by the absence or presence of real scenery and by the arrangement of the seats for the spectators, and as we study these successive changes we are confirmed in the conviction that these physical conditions must have exerted a powerful influence upon the dramatists who followed one another down the centuries.—Brander Matthews in Century.

Wisdom In Fable.

Among the best things that have ever been written are the Aesop's fables, which date back to the sixth century B. C. They present human nature as it always has been, is and probably always will be. Take, for example, the story of "The Fox Without a Tail:"

"A fox was once caught in a trap by his tail and in order to get free was obliged to leave it behind. He knew that his fellows would make fun of his tailless condition, so he made up his mind to induce them all to part with their tails. At the next assemblage of foxes he made a speech on the uselessness of tails in general and the inconvenience of a fox's tail in particular, declaring that never in his whole life had he felt so comfortable as now in his tailless freedom. When he sat down a sly old fox rose and, waving his brush, said, with a sneer, that if he had lost his tail he would be convinced by the last speaker's arguments, but until such an accident occurred he fully intended to vote in favor of tails."

Learned It by Ear.

The dear little girl arose, bowed and recited it in this manner:

"Lettuce Denby up N. Dewing,
Widow Hartford N. E. Fate;
Still H. E. Ving, still per Sue Wing.
Learn to label Aunty Waite."

Then, with the tumultuous applause of the audience ringing in her ears, she sat down in happy confusion.—Chicago Tribune.

Not to Him.

Hewitt—Money talks. Jewett—I guess I have forgotten the telephone number.—New York Press.

Sometimes a man is willing to remain at the foot of the ladder for the purpose of pulling others down.

Fair Sized.

"No," said the retired showman, "I won't say that we had the biggest giant that ever happened, but it is a solemn fact what I am going to tell you. This giant had a penchance, or whatever you call it, for trying new styles of whiskers."

"M-hm!"

"Well, when he wanted a new style laid out he had to send for a landscape gardener."

A Valuable Book For Women Free.

Any woman who possesses a volume of "Mrs. Pinkham's Text Book upon the Ailments Peculiar to Women," has at hand such information as may save her serious illness or if she is ill, it will give her an intelligent understanding of her case and suggest a cure. This valuable 80-page bound text book is not an advertising pamphlet, and is only obtainable by mail or at Mrs. Pinkham's laboratory. It will be mailed in plain envelope absolutely free to any woman who will write to The Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass., asking for it.

SITUATION IN BLUEFIELDS.

Action of British is Against the Provisional Government.

Bluefields, Nicaragua, Jan. 11.—The action of Capt. Thesiger, of the British cruiser Scylla, at Greytown, in forbidding fighting within the city proper, has greatly embarrassed the provisional government in its contemplated attack upon that town. The Madriz forces are in that city, and, hence, under British protection and safe from attack. Commander Thesiger sought American joint signature to his order, but this was refused by Commander Shipley.

Although preparations are being made to send 1,000 men with heavy guns and rapid firers to Greytown, it is likely that only a blockade will be established as it is not expected that the small forces of the enemy will come into the open outside the town. Commander Thesiger, in his order, which was given to both sides, declares that he will enforce it with arms if necessary.

Dispatches, alleged to be semi-official in character, have been received here, declaring that the recognition of the United States government of General Estrada as president of Nicaragua, was a matter of days. This report created enthusiasm, which, however, is tempered by the desire for confirmation.

It is stated here that such recognition would probably not effect the forward movement of General Chamorro, although it might result in the disorganization of the forces of President Madriz, leaving Chamorro little to fight against.

Managua, Jan. 11.—There is considerable military activity here. Five hundred men with four field pieces left this afternoon for LaMauga, to oppose the advance of General Chamorro.

Joaquin Pasos, Zelaya's son-in-law, has been released from jail on the payment of $10,000 in gold and the surrender of 130,000 pesos in unsigned bills of the denomination of 50 pesos. He also hands over 18 public buildings, on which he had liens given to him by Zelaya as security for an alleged loan to the government. Pasos agrees to appear for trial whenever wanted.

The Nerve of a Boy.

"Speaking of the nerve displayed by small boys," said a man who had a trip through the southwest, "reminds me of an incident that occurred in the Santa Ana mountains, in southern California. An eleven-year-old boy, a member of a family making their way to the coast, left the camp early one morning to stalk deer. He found tracks and had followed them until he was five or six miles from camp. In reaching up on a rock he disturbed a huge rattlesnake that was sunning himself, and the snake without warning struck, wounding the boy on the middle finger of his right hand. Knowing that unless prompt action was taken the wound would prove fatal, the youth placed the finger over the muzzle of the gun and pulled the trigger. Making a ligature above the wound to stop the flow of blood, he killed the snake and walked back to camp, where he fainted. The finger was blown off close to his hand, but he recovered."—Exchange.

Not Appreciated.

Apropos of the "delusion deep rooted in the minds of innumerable voters that a man can only be 'putting up for parliament' in order to better himself one way or another" and that no sacrifice has to be made by the candidate there is the speech that was made by Sir Richard Temple, who had returned poste haste from his duties in India, arriving after his own contest had begun. Sir Richard used words to the following effect, "I have traveled 8,000 miles and surrendered £5,000 a year for the privilege of representing this great constituency," but the proper sense of his generosity and public spirit was entirely marred by a remark from a loud voice in the crowd, "Oh, what a —— fool you must be!"—Ian Malcolm in Cornhill Magazine.

Saved At Death's Door.

The door of death seemed ready to open for Murray W. Ayers, of Transit Bridge, N. Y., when his life was wonderfully saved. "I was in a dreadful condition," he writes, "my skin was almost yellow; eyes sunken; tongue coated; emaciated from losing 40 pounds, growing weaker daily. Virulent liver trouble pulling me down to death in spite of doctors. Then that matchless medicine—Electric Bitters—cured me. I regained the 40 pounds lost and now am well and strong." For all stomach, liver and kidney troubles they're supreme. 50c. at Robert R. Bellamy's.

STRAIN TOO GREAT

Hundreds of Wilmington Readers Find Daily Toil a Burden.

The hustle and worry of business men.

The hard work and stooping of workmen,

The woman's household cares,

Are too great a strain on the kidneys.

Backache, headache, sideache,

Kidney troubles, urinary troubles follow.

A Wilmington citizen tells you how to cure them all.

James Hansley, 309 N. Fifth St., Wilmington, N. C., says: "For some time my back and kidneys troubled me, no doubt due to constant standing. I had dull, nagging backaches and a sharp pain across my loins. I could not stoop or lift without having twinges throughout my body. The kidney secretions contained a heavy sediment and were too frequent in passage. When I learned of Doan's Kidney Pills I procured a box from Robert R. Bellamy's drug store and used them as directed. In a few days the backache and other annoyances ceased and have not returned since. I give this testimonial in the hopes that some other sufferer from kidney trouble may be benefitted thereby."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

The Finest Product of the Vine

is "Belle of Carolina" wine. It's a rich, dark red wine, light in alcohol, and made from the largest and choicest Flowers Grapes. Its flavor is delicious.

Connoiseurs all over the country unite in praising this product of Carolina's sunny vineyards.

Bear's "Belle of Carolina," served with any informal dinner, adds much to the pleasure of the occasion.

SCUPPERNONG. BELL OF CAROLINA.
PORT. SHERRY
BLACKBERRY.

In cases of 12 bottles, (called quarts), one kind or assorted, $7.00 per case, express prepaid, or $6.00, delivered in Wilmington. Apply for descriptive booklet-price list.

Sol Bear & Company

Phone 866. Wilmington, N. C.

Our bnsiness is not affected by the North Carolina Prohibition Law.

The British electoral campaign which is now closing and which will end this week with the beginning of the polling, has been progressively and increasingly marked by disorders and violence. Such things have not, of course, been universal or general. Most of the meetings have been orderly and decorus. But there have been enough ebullitions of disorderly passion to cause widespread comment and to mark the whole campaign as in respect to manners one of the least creditable in recent years. There should be no thought of censoriousness toward the United Kingdom on the part of Americans for this cause, since, however bad the conduct of some British meetings has been, similar offences have been far from unknown here. But it is pertinent to point out that the occurrences of the last fortnight equally debar our British kin from censoriousness toward our campaign methods. It is simply a case of "even as you and I." It is not to be assumed that such occurrences as these indicate a permanent degredation of British campaign methods. In another contest issues of another kind may prevail and methods and manners may be correspondingly changed. The chief moral of the episode is simply the stereotyped one that—among nations as well as elsewhere—like causes produce like results, and that, therefore, when campaign issues appeal to violent passions violent scenes are to be expected, in one country as well as in another.—New York Tribune.

Leavenworth, Kas., Jan. 12.—Patrolman Devinnish was shot and killed and another officer named Sweeney was wounded by a negro whom they attempted to arrest in a restaurant here this afternoon. The negro was placed in jail. Soldiers from Fort Leavenworth and the coal miners near here are incensed over the shooting and threats to lynch the negro have been made.

The ads will show you whether or not there's a chance today to buy that piece of furniture at your price

Horse Sense

A man bought "mixed" feed for his horse because it was "cheaper." The horse rejected it because it was half saw-dust. If boilers had horse sense, many would reject the mixtures daily forced upon them—rocks, slate, dirt, clinker, etc., bought because they are "cheaper." Feed the boiler Heat Units—Atlantic Guaranteed Coal—the boiler will eat *less* and do *more*.

Atlantic States Coal & Coke Co.
Richmond, Va.

WANTED:

Young men and women for positions of trust, where intelligent service will be appreciated nad paid for—

Experienced men and women for positions requiring ability and tact—

People of all ages, of all talents, of divers abilities, for suitable lines of employment—

Used things—such as pianos, organs, every sort of musical instrument, writing machines, cash registers, store and office fixtures, talking machines, books, engravings, post cards, stamp collections, rugs, carpets, furniture of every kind—

Horses and carriages, trucks, business wagons, bicycles, guns, cameras, fishing tackle, automobiles—

Real estate—lots, plots, acres, leaseholds, equities, houses, flats, apartments, stores—

Instruction in painting, singing, the violin and piano, shorthand, accounting, languages, correspondence, dancing—

Places to live—houses, apartments, furnished rooms, boarding places—

These are some of the thousands of people and things that are "wanted" in this city just now—and if you can fill any of these wants,

Inquire of the Public
THROUGH A STAR
BUSINESS LOCAL

...E TO YOU—MY SISTER

Free to You and Every Sister suffering from Woman's Ailments.

I am a woman.
I know woman's sufferings.
I have found the cure.
I will mail, free of any charge, my home treatment with full instructions to any sufferer from woman's ailments. I want to tell all women about this cure—you, my reader, for yourself, your daughter, your mother, or your sister. I want to tell you how to cure yourselves at home without the help of a doctor. Men cannot understand women's sufferings. What we women know from experience, we know better than any doctor. I know that my home treatment is a safe and sure cure for Leucorrhoea or Whitish discharges, Ulceration, Displacement or Falling of the Womb, Profuse, Scanty or Painful Periods, Uterine or Ovarian Tumors or Growths, also pains in the head, back and bowels, bearing down feelings, nervousness, creeping feeling in the spine, melancholy, desire to cry, hot flashes, weariness, kidney and bladder troubles when caused by weaknesses peculiar to our sex.

I want to send you a complete ten day's treatment entirely free to prove to you that you can cure yourself at home, easily, quickly and surely. Remember, that it will cost you nothing to give the treatment a complete trial; and if you should wish to continue, it will cost you only about 12 cents a week or less than two cents a day. It will not interfere with your work or occupation. Just send me your name and address, tell me how you suffer if you wish, and I will send you the treatment for your case, entirely free, in plain wrapper, by return mail. I will also send you free of cost, my book—"WOMAN'S OWN MEDICAL ADVISER" with explanatory illustrations showing why women suffer, and how they can easily cure themselves at home. Every woman should have it, and learn to think for herself. Then when the doctor says—"You must have an operation," you can decide for yourself. Thousands of women have cured themselves with my home remedy. It cures all old or young. To Mothers of Daughters, I will explain a simple home treatment which speedily and effectually cures Leucorrhoea, Green Sickness and Painful or Irregular Menstruation in Young ladies. Plumpness and health always results from its use.

Wherever you live, I can refer you to ladies of your own locality who know and will gladly tell by sufferer that this Home Treatment really cures all women's diseases, and makes women well, strong, plump and robust. Just send me your address, and the free ten day's treatment is yours, also the book. Write today, as you may not see this offer again. Address

MRS. M. SUMMERS, Box H - - - Notre Dame, Ind., U. S. A.

Advertising Makes Business Hum

YOU realize when you buy clothes what an important factor it is to have pleasure in them; if you dont enjoy your clothes, you dont get value for your money

HART SCHAFFNER AND MARX

clothes will give you just this sort of value; the all-wool fabrics are such as any man can respect; the tailoring and style are the kind that makes you feel, as well as look, well-dressed.

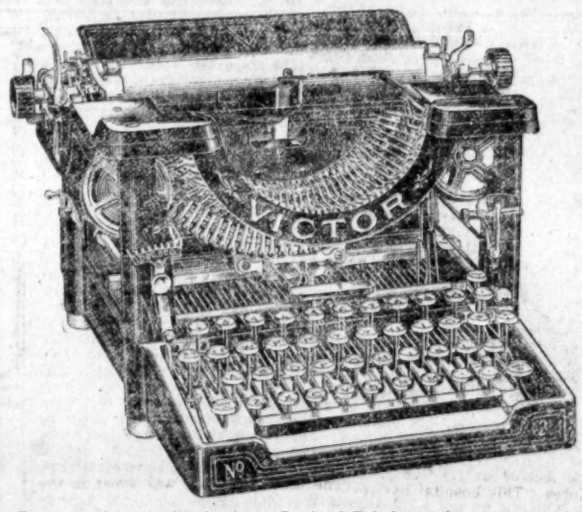
Copyright 1909 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

THE A. DAVID CO.

Clothiers, Tailors and Furnishers.

ja 9 tf

VICTOR TYPEWRITERS



Every machine is fitted with a Decimal Tabulator, thus you not only get a correspondence machine but also a billing Typewriter.

"TALK WITH RAMOS."

And get your money's worth, be is the typewriter Doctor as well as giver of bargains in All Makes of Typewriters.

Supplies of all kinds.

Ramos Typewriter Co.,

Phone 1134. P. O. Box 54.

401 Southern Building. Wilmington, N. C.

TOMORROW'S STEAMER

Will bring our Spring line of Embroideries, and we will have them on display Tuesday!

Ginghams, Percales and Crashes; Coat Suits and Furs.

We will continue this week to offer all Winter Coat Suits and Furs at cost for cash.

Agent for Black Cat Hosiery, American Lady Corsets and Butterick's Patterns.

Out-of-town orders will receive prompt attention.

A. D. BROWN

Pale Export BEER

This is to notify our customers that they can secure this popular brand by sending their orders to Petersburg, Va.

4 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $3.00.
10 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $7.50.

DARLEY PARK BREWING COMPANY
G. MORGAN KNIGHT, Manager. PETERSBURG, VA.

THE STATE IN EPITOME

¶News, Comment and Incidents as Reflected in North Carolina. : : : : : : : : : :

Pitt Boy Loses by Fire.

Greenville Reflector: In the destruction by fire of the medical department of Richmond College, one night last week, Mr. Paul Jones sustained considerable loss. Mr. Jones was a member of the dental graduating class and all of his instruments were destroyed. Nearly all of the students in the class lost their instruments.

Dog Thieves in Newbern.

Newbern Journal: During the past few weeks a number of valuable dogs belonging to people in this city have either been killed or stolen by some unprincipled persons. A case was reported yesterday morning by Mr. John Loggins, who lives near the city. He says that since Christmas day three valuable dogs belonging to him have been stolen, and although he has made every effort to locate them he has so far been unsuccessful and thinks they have been carried out of the county.

Candidates Plentiful.

Charlotte Observer: It is intimated that another one of the most prominent of the city's younger attorneys is considering making the race for the solicitorship in the district to which Mecklenburg belongs. It has long been understood that Messrs. F. M. Shannonhouse, Plummer Stewart and T. L. Kirkpatrick were going to run for this job against, probably, Mr. O. F. Mason, of Gaston; Mr. Luther Hartsell, of Cabarrus and Mr. L. B. Wetmore, of Lincoln. The addition of another Charlotte man will add spice to the game if reports which are being circulated in regard to his intentions are correct.

Col. Bennett on Care of Orchards.

Wadesboro Ansonian: It is in order to cut down dead timber in apple, peach and pear trees. Give heed to grape vines at once and await next month and next after to plant fruit trees. It is very harsh in nature to refuse like fruits from trees growp from seeds. The scarcity of standard pears is on this wise explained. I have such a tree which has borne nearly 40 years, beginning to ripen about July annually. The best pear is the Sickle. How inspiring it is! Don't buy stock from nurseries in January. If you plant an orchard, attend to it, supplemented by wild fruits. A few trees of each kind suffice. R. T. B.

To Korea as Nurse.

Charlotte Observer: High Point, Jan. 11.—Miss Margaret Gilmore, the efficient and popular head nurse at the Junior Order hospital here, will leave some time in the near future. Last Sunday Rev. C. F. Reid, of San Francisco, Cal., a prominent missionary of the Methodist church, was in the city and preached two sermons, in which he told how badly in need of trained nurses the church in Korea was and made a special appeal to the young ladies for the cause. Monday Miss Gilmore volunteered her services as a trained nurse and the same were gladly accepted by Rev. C. F. Reid, and she will be located at Ivy hospital, Sandgo, Korea. This hospital has recently been founded by the Methodist church and Dr. Weightman Reid, son of C. F. Reid, will be resident physician. Miss Gilmore came here from Statesville about a year ago and took charge of the hospital which was then in rather bad shape, but with hard and constant work she has greatly improved things. The citizens will regret to see her leave and especially will the physicians miss her, as she was a valuable assistant to them in clinical work.

Aged Woman Burned to Death.

Salisbury, N. C., Jan. 11.—Mrs. William J. Plummer, widow, aged 85 years, living with her son, Mr. J. Thomas Morgan, on East Fisher street, was burned to death at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon while alone in her room. Owing to her feebleness she spent much of her time in bed and was there today when her daughter went to the dining room to prepare and bring her dinner to her, cautioning her not to attempt to get up while she was out. While the daughter was away from the room her son came in and was horrified to find his mother lying well up in the open fireplace, her body from head to waist being burned to a crisp, features distorted and the hair burned from her head. Mrs. Plummer evidently arose intending to sit before the fire and either from feebleness or heart failure, fell forward into the open fireplace. She had been a resident of this city nearly all her life and had been married twice, her last husband being in his day a noted harness maker. In addition to the two children above named, another daughter, Mrs. Eugene Hauser, survives. She was the grandmother of Mr. John Morgan, formerly with the Standard Oil Company, at Charlotte.

TROUBLE FOR BOOZE BUYERS.

New Federal Laws Make It Harder for Old Boys to Get Toddies.

(Charlotte Observer.)

The Federal government has added trouble to the present stringency which booze buyers have been experiencing since this became prohibition territory by adopting a new order in regard to the delivery of whiskey, the new law becoming effective aJnuary 1st. It is now contrary to law to deliver whiskey unless the consignee is positively identified as the person who ordered the package, the intent of this order being to do away with the extensive practice of ordering whiskey under assumed names.

There is no more whiskey shipped in "plain unmarked packages", the package must carry on the outside a bona fide list of the contents, in plain letters, easily read. Whiskey can only be delivered to the consignee or on his written order, and the delivery clerk must be satisfied that the signature on the order is authentic.

The express clerks, if they make a delivery illegally, are subject to a fine of $5,000 or two years in prison or both, and to be on the safe side they insist on absolute proof of identity, and carry out the law to the letter.

A number of cases have come up at the local office of the express company where identification was not satisfactory and delivery was not made. In these cases the booze was returned to the shipper.

When a package bears street and number address it will be delivered by wagon, but in all cases must be receipted for by person to whom addressed.

NOTED DURHAM THIEF ESCAPES.

Man Whose Peculations Stocked a Store Leaves Chain Gang.

(Durham Herald.)

Richard Bethea, colored meat robber of wide notoriety, escaped yesterday from the convict camp and at last reports nothing had been heard from him. Bethea made his dash about 4:30 in the morning. The guard, J. S. Wood, was letting the cooks out to prepare breakfast and Bethea and Ed Torian were waiting for the opportunity. It came and both made a plunge for liberty. Mr. Wood caught Torian and choked him down, but Bethea went on and nobody has been able to locate him. The guard had both men on his hands and it was in the scuffle with Torian that Bethea managed to make flight. Both prisoners had in some way slipped their shackles. When they ran they were entirely freed. Though wanted much less than Torian, Bethea hit the distance and was still going when last heard from. The guard appears not to have been in any wise to blame. Bethea was last year convicted of robbery upon a tremendous scale. He made off with more meat than any other commodity, but his depredations were not confined to any field of action. He ran a little store with goods that appeared unquestionably to have been stolen and Sheriff Harward tracked his rubberneck buggy to the house. It had made numerous trips of devious driving. On the trial Attorney Lovenstein moved for a continuance on the ground that the newspapers had prejudiced the case against Bethea but the judge tried the case and accumulated sentences ran his punishment to eight years and he had served several months of it.

DEATH OF MR. McNAIR.

Laurinburg Mourns Loss of Useful and Beloved Citizen.

Laurinburg, Jan. 11.—In the death of Mr. T. L. McNair, the announcement of which was made through the columns of The Observer this morning, Scotland county has lost one of her best business men and most respected citizens. His death came as no surprise to those acquainted with his condition. Stricken on the 24th of December with paralysis he had not since been much more than semi-conscious at any time. He was not an old man but during his 56 years he had lived much and in such a way that he leaves a great multitude of friends who with his relatives today are suffering because of the loss. To the upper portion of the county and its people, particularly the tenant class, he was a most constant friend. The best of his life was spent in the section nine miles north of Laurinburg where he was living at the time of his death. He was a farmer on an extensive scale and conducted a large mercantile establishment. He is survived by one sister, Miss Martha McNair, and three brothers, Messrs. N. A. McNair, John F. McNair and E. L. McNair, all of this county. For a number of years he had been a member of Laurel Hill Presbyterian church and in the morning his funeral will be preached by Rev. J. H. Dickson, after which his remains will be buried in the Laurinburg cemetery.

LOCAL OPTION AGITATION.

"Non-Partisan" Convention Called to Meet in Vance.

(Charlotte Observer.)

Henderson, Jan. 11.—The first gun in the campaign for local option was fired on Saturday, the 8th inst., at 12 o'clock. A number of citizens of Vance met at the court house informally, and after thoroughly discussing the subject, unanimously agreed to call a "Non-partisan" "local option" mass meeting to be held on the fourth Saturday in February Mr. W. A. Self will be present and deliver the address on the occasion. From the expressions daily falling from the lips of the people, they seem determined to use every legitimate effort to have the prohibition law expunged from the statute books of North Carolina, and give the people the full right to determine whether liquors shall be manufactured, sold or prohibited in their respective counties.

FAYETTEVILLE NOTES.

Early Morning Fire Yesterday—Annual Meeting Fair Association.

Fayetteville, N. C., Jan. 12.—A store belonging to the Ashley-Bailey Sil Mills Co., and occupied by C. H. Maness, was destroyed by fire at 3 o'clock this morning near the mills. It is thought the store was first robbed and then set on fire. Mr. Maness lost about $1,000 in stock upon which there was no insurance. The building was insured.

The Cumberland Fair Association has elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: Thos. J. Purdie, president; L. A. Williamson, vice president; Walter Watson, treasurer; J. B. Tillimghast, secretary. Directors Messrs. N. S. McArthur, H. W. Lilly, T. G. McAllister, D. K. Taylor and R. M. Jackson.

A Wild Blizzard Raging

brings danger, suffering—often death—to thousands, who take colds, coughs and lagrippe—that terror of Winter and Spring. Its danger signals are "stuffed up" nostrils, lower part of nose sore, chills and fever, pain in back of head, and a throat-gripping cough. When Grip attacks, as you value your life, don't delay getting Dr. King's New Discovery. "One bottel cured me," writes A. L. Dunn, of Pine Valley, Miss., "after being 'laid up' three weeks with Grip." For sore lungs, Hemorrhages, Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, its supreme. 50c. $1.00. Guaranteed by Robert R. Bellamy.

S.S.S. BEST TREATMENT FOR CATARRH

There is no way to cure Catarrh except to purify the blood, and thus do away with the cause. The symptoms may be benefited by the use of washes, inhalations, sprays, medicated tobaccos, etc., and through the use of such treatment catarrh sufferers receive temporary relief and comfort. External and local measures however cannot have any effect on the blood, and therefore their use alone is of no real curative value. Catarrh is a deep-seated blood disease, and comes as the result of catarrhal matter and other impurities in the circulation. These morbid matters in the blood cause an inflammatory and irritated condition of the mucous membrane or tissue lining of the cavities of the body, producing an unhealthy secretion, ringing noises in the ears, stuffy feeling in the head and nose, headaches, hoarseness, bronchial affections, watery eyes, etc. S. S. S. is the best treatment for Catarrh because it is the greatest of all blood purifiers. This medicine removes every particle of the catarrhal impurity from the circulation, making this vital fluid pure, fresh and healthy. Then the inflamed membranes begin to heal, because they are nourished with pure, health-giving blood, every symptom disappears, and soon S. S. S. produces a perfect cure. S. S. S. does not contain any habit-forming drugs, which really never can cure Catarrh, but often ruin the health. Book on Catarrh and any medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

A Few More Days of Grace!

From now until January 1st, at which date we take stock, we will sell goods cheaper than ever.

While our holiday trade was heavier than ever before, we still have plenty of bright, new, fresh goods with which to supply the requirements of our customers. Our low prices will greatly help out those who have had considerable expense during the holidays.

Call and examine our goods and get our prices if interested.

Remember that these prices are until Jan. 1st, 1910, only. Dollars saved by buying now.

The Wilmington Furniture Co.
Wilmington, N. C.

MATT J. HEYER, Prest. B. H. J. AHRENS, Vice Pres.
MILTON CALDER, Cash.

Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.

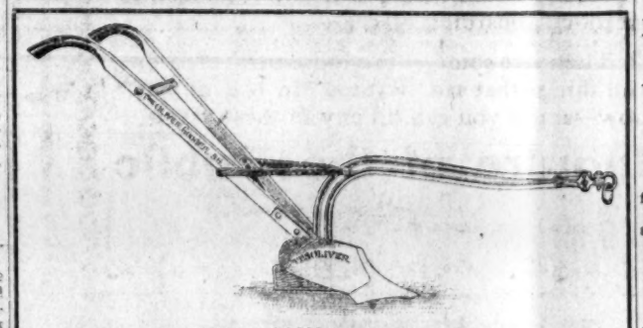
WILMINGTON, N. C.

We wish you a Happy and Prosperous New Year.

Our wishing cannot bring you one, but a Savings Account drawing four per cent can.

COAL AND WOOD
Oak, Blackjack, Short and Long Leaf Pine and Soft Coal.
BUILDING MATERIAL
High grade Lime, Portland Cement, Wall Plaster, etc. Cypress Shingles—all grades.
W. B. THORPE & CO, Inc.
Phone 789.

CITY LIVERY COMPANY
108-110-112 N. Second St.
Up-to-Date Traps and Buggies
Carriages for Germans and Receptions a Specialty.



OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS

These are the only genuine Chilled Plows on the market today. There are several imitations being offered to the public and, of course, just as good and cheaper than the old original Oliver Chilled Plows, but every farmer knows better, while the imitations may be some little cheaper, but there they stop. We have the sole agency for the following counties: New Hanover, Pender, Onslow, Duplin, Sampson, Bladen, Jones, Carteret, Columbus and Brunswick.

We will have a car load or these celebrated plows and repairs here ready for distribution the latter part of this month.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.
Purcell Building. Wilmington, N. C.

ja 12 tf

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK
Capital and Surplus:
$925,000.00
Largest and Strongest Bank in This Section.

ja 12 tf

SMOKE
Cuban Blossom
CIGARS!
WHY
?
Because It Is the Best Cigar for the Money.
H. L. Vollers
Wholesale Grocer.

"A Stitch in Time Saves Nine"

Take advantage of the common sense contained in the above old adage, by giving us your orders for Stoves and heaters before the cold weather arrives.

We carry one of the largest stocks and best assortment of Hardware in the State at prices which defy competition.

Come in, call up 106 or 1030—or write and let us figure with you.

J. W. MURCHISON & COMPANY.
109-111 North Front Street

Turner's North Carolina Almanac For 1910

New Year Cards and Calendars. Office Supplies, Oliver Typewriters, rebuilt Underwoods, Remington and Oliver Typewriters at half price. Ribbons and Carbon for all machines.

Loose Leaf Ledgers and Blank Books of all kinds.

Globe-Wernicke Filing Cabinets and Book Cases. Derby Desks and Office Furniture.

C. W. YATES & CO.

HUGH MacRAE & CO
BANKERS
Miscellaneous Southern Securities
Cotton Mill Stocks
WILMINGTON, N. C.
New York City, 149 Broadway.

Dressed Poultry

Fine fat Fowls; also a full supply of fancy Meats of all kinds.

Your order will receive our personal attention.

HOPKINS & DAVIS
Front Street Market.

No. 9120.
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, NEW HANOVER CAUNTY.

We, the undersigned, B. E. Hollis and J. W. Hollis, of the County of New Hanover, State of North Carolina, do hereby enter and lay claim to the following vacant and unappropriated land, subject to entry, located in Masonboro township, New Hanover county, State aforesaid, viz: Bounded on the north by swimming hole slue, on the east and south by Rock hole slue, on the west by the channel of Myrtle Grove Sound and known as Skip Jack Shoals, containing two acres, more or less. January 6th, 1910.

B. E. HOLLIS,
J. W. HOLLIS,

Filed January 6th, 1910.
JOHN HAAR,
Register of Deeds and Acting Entry Taker.
ja 7 30d

ACADEMY
SCHLOSS THEATRE CIRCUIT
FRIDAY NIGHT, JANUARY 14TH.
The Greatest American Play
"PAID IN FULL"
By Eugene Walter.
Coming after a record run of two years in New York.
Prices—$1.50 to 25 cents. Seats on sale Thursday morning at the Crystal Palace.
ja 12 2t.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect Thursday, September 16th 1909.

TO BEACH.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 6:50, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 3:00, 4:30, 7:10 and 8:30 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10 and 8:30 P M

TO WILMINGTON.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Lumina at 7:45, 9:15, and 10:45 A. M., 12:15 1:45, 3:45, 5:15, 7:50 and 9:15 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Lumina at 9:45 10:45 A. M., 12:15, 1:45, 2:15, 3:45 5:15, 4:45, 5:15, 5:45, 8:25, 6:50, 7:50 and 9:15 P M

TO WRIGHTSVILLE.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 6:50, 8:00, 8:30 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 3:00, 4:30 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:00 P. M

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:00 P. M.

TO WILMINGTON.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Wrightsville at 6:20, 7:55, 8:25, 9:25, 10:55 A. M. 12:25, 1:55, 3:55, 5:25, 6:35, 8:00 9:25 10:25 and 11:25 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Wrightsville at 9:55, 10:55 A. M., 12:25, 1:55, 3:25 3:55, 4:25, 4:55, 5:25, 5:55, 6:35, 7:00 8:00, 9:25, 10:25 and 11:25 P. M.

CAROLINA PLACE.
FRONT AND PRINCESS TO CAROLINA PLACE.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess 6:52 A. M., and every 15 minutes thereafter until 10:37 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess 8:22 A. M., and every 15 minutes thereafter until 10:37 P. M.

TO FRONT AND PRINCESS.

WEEK DAYS—Leave 17th and Market 6:45 A. M., and every 15 minutes thereafter until 10:45 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave 17th and Market 8:30 A. M., and every 15 minutes thereafter until 10:45 P. M.

FREIGHT.

Leave Wilmington daily except Sunday at 4:00 P. M. Freight Depot from 3:00 to 4:00 P. M.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and best Line West and Northwest.
Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rail
Schedule in Effect May 1st, 1909.

Lv	Norfolk	7:30 a.m.	7:30 p.m.
Lv	Petersburg	10:25 a.m.	10:20 p.m.
Lv	Durham	1:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv	Lynchburg	2:30 p.m.	2:13 a.m.
Ar	Cincinnati	7:20 a.m.	7:20 p.m.
Ar	Columbus	6:46 a.m.	7:41 p.m.
Ar	Chicago	5:00 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Ar	St Louis	7:28 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points. Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL,
Gen. Pass. Agent, Roanoke, Va.
H. BOSLEY
Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

SEABOARD
Air Line Railway
SCHEDULE

Apply at Union Depot Ticket Office or S. A. L. Railway Freight Office Telephones No. 1294 or No. 5.

Trains Leave Wilmington Effective January 3, 1910.

No. 45—4:50 A. M.—For Hamlet and Charlotte, connects at Hamlet with No. 66 for Raleigh and points North.

No. 39—4:00 P. M.—For Hamlet, connecting with through trains for Atlanta, Charlotte, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Norfolk, New York and trains in all directions.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington

No. 40—1:15 P. M.—From Hamlet.

No. 44—12:20 A. M.—From Charlotte and Hamlet.

No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No. 66 for all points North at Monroe with No. 53 for Atlanta.

No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41 for Atlanta, Birmingham, Memphis and Charlotte, with No. 84 and No. 92 for Washington and New York and Portsmouth, Norfolk and No. 43 for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.

Parlor Car Service will be maintained between Wilmington and Hamlet on No. 39 leaving Wilmington at 3:20 P. M., and No. 40 arriving at Wilmington at 1:15 P. M.

B. W. ARRINGTON,
Union Ticket Agent.
Phone No. 1294.
F. A. FETTER, Agent.
Phone No. 5.

H. S. LEARD,
Div. Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.
C. B. BRYAN,
General Passenger Agent,
Portsmouth, Va.

J. W. H. FUCHS

Buster Brown Shoes for Boys and Girls.

Clothing for Men and Boys.

Suits Made to Order.

J. W. H FUCHS
128 to 134 S. Front St.
Phone 800.
Holeproof Hose and Stockings.

de 24 tf

NEW MODEL No. 10
REMINGTON TYPEWRITER
$84.50
RAMOS TYPEWRITER CO.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
de 3 tf

Atlantic Coast Line

CORRECT TO DECEMBER 22nd.

NOTICE.

The arrivals and departure are given as information, as well as connections with other companies, but arrivals and connections are not guaranteed.

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 48. Daily.	No. 42. Daily
Lv. Wilmington	8:45 am	7:00 pm
Ar. Goldsboro	12:00 pm	9:35 pm
Ar. Wilson	1:09 pm	10:52 pm
Ar. Rocky Mount	1:35 pm	11:20 pm
Ar. Weldon	4:55 pm	2:09 am
Ar. Norfolk	8:55 pm	*8:35 am
Ar. Petersburg	7:05 pm	4:35 am
Ar. Richmond	8:00 pm	4:40 am
Ar. Washington	11:50 pm	8:00 am
Ar. Baltimore	1:20 am	9:18 am
Ar. W. Philadelphia	3:40 am	11:35 pm
Ar. New York	6:30 am	2:00 pm

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 41. Daily.	No. 49. Daily.
Lv. New York	3:25 pm	9:25 pm
Lv. W. Philadelphia	5:44 pm	12:19 am
Lv. Baltimore	8:20 pm	2:46 am
Lv. Washington	10:00 pm	4:20 am
Lv. Norfolk	3:20 pm	8:25 am
Lv. Richmond	1:20 am	8:15 am
Lv. Petersburg	1:55 am	9:13 am
Lv. Weldon	3:40 am	11:35 am
Lv. Rocky Mount	5:05 am	12:50 pm
Lv. Wilson	5:49 am	2:09 pm
Lv. Goldsboro	6:35 am	3:05 pm
Ar. Wilmington	9:30 am	6:10 pm

WEST AND SOUTH.

	51.	53	via Wilson. 42
Lv. Wilmington	6:00 am	3:20 pm	7:00 pm
Ar. Florence	9:25 am	7:25 pm	4:01 am
Ar. Columbia	1:00 pm	10:45 pm	
Ar. Augusta	3:00 pm		
Ar. Atlanta	8:20 pm		
Ar. Nashville	6:30 am		
Ar. Memphis	3:30 pm		
Ar. Louisville	1:10 pm		
Ar. Cen'tl	4:55 pm		
Ar. Charleston	1:15 pm	11:20 pm	7:05 am
Ar Savannah	3:35 pm	2:20 am	9:30 am
Ar. Jacksonville	8:15 pm	7:15 am	1:30 pm
Ar. Tampa	7:00 am	7:00 pm	10:25 pm

Pullman service Florence to Atlanta and Atlanta to destination.

NORTHBOUND.

	50 Daily.	54 Daily.
Lv. Tampa	9:00 pm	10:30 am
Lv. Jacksonville	7:50 am	7:45 pm
Lv. Savannah	11:55 am	12:15 am
Lv. Charleston	4:25 pm	5:10 am
Lv. Columbia	4:25 pm	6:00 am
Lv. Augusta	2:45 pm	
Lv. Florence	8:05 pm	9:25 am
Ar. Wilmington	11:30 pm	1:25 pm

WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

Westbound. 53 Daily.		Eastbound. 52 Daily.
8:40 AM	Lv. Wilmington Ar.	8:05 PM
11:35 AM	Ar. Fayetteville Lv.	4:50 PM
12:10 PM	Lv. Fayetteville Ar.	4:45 PM
1:40 PM	Ar. Sanford Lv.	3:30 PM

WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN.

Northbound. 62	Daily except Sunday.	Southbound. 63
1:25 PM	Lv. Wilmington Ar.	12:50 PM
5:17 PM	A. Jacksonville Lv.	10:55 AM
6:44 PM	Ar. N. & S. Jct. Lv.	9:35 AM
6:50 PM	Ar. Newbern Lv.	9:30 AM

*VIA PETERSBURG AND N. & W. RY.
**Daily Except Sunday.

Trains No. 42 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping cars with broiler service, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with Pennsylvania R. R., for all points East.

Trains 48 and 49 carry Pullman Parlor cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.

Trains No. 55 and 50 carry Pullman Sleeping cars between Wilmington and Columbia.

T. C. WHITE,
General Passenger Agent.
W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Manager.

Clyde Steamship Company to NEW YORK and GEORGETOWN, S. C.

NEW YORK TO WILMINGTON.
S. S. "Carib".....Friday, January 7, 1910
S. S. "Navahoe".....Friday, January 14, 1910

WILMINGTON TO NEW YORK.
S. S. "Navahoe"..Saturday, January 8, 1910
S. S. "Carib"....Saturday, January 15, 1910

WILMINGTON TO GEORGETOWN.
S. S. "Navahoe"....Monday, January 3, 1910
S. S. "Carib".....Monday, January 10, 1910

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

For freight and passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.
Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. MAYNARD, F. T. M.
H. H. RAYMOND, V. P. & G. M.
General Offices, Pier 26 N. R., N. Y.

Blue prints of all kinds are made by Southern Map Co., phone 813, So. Bldg.

A HOLLOW TOOTH
is a "holler" reality when it's on the "jump," and keeps you awake all night long.
QUIT "HOLLERING" ABOUT TOOTH ACHE.
HAVE US FILL IT.
We fill teeth and make them good as new. Don't wait till you have a "swelled jaw," but come now—today.
WE NEVER CHARGE HIGH FOR FILLING "HOLLOW" TEETH.
PLATES.....$5.00 AND UP
PAINLESS EXTRACTION FREE.
DR. JAS. W. POWELL
Dentist.
de 12 tf

PARLOR CAR SERVICE ON SEABOARD BETWEEN HAMLET AND WILMINGTON.

The Seabord has re-established Parlor Car Service on their trains Nos. 39 and 40 between Hamlet and Wilmington, effective December 20th. Leave Hamlet 9.05 A. M., arrive Wilmington 1.15 P. M.; returning leave Wilmington 3.20 P. M. arrive Hamlet 7.30 P. M.

C. H. GATTIS,
District Passenger Agent
Raleigh, N. C.
de 23 tf

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY (Inc.)
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under act of Congress, March 2nd 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carrier in the city or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for times actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms No. 61. Call either if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will be invariably rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication but as a guarantee of good faith.

Thursday, January 13, 1910.

CONTROL V. CONFISCATION.

In the course of a long editorial the Charlotte News attacks the suggestion in President Taft's message of governmental incorporation of interstate corporations, upon the ground that it is a further infringement upon the now nebulous doctrine of State's Rights. In presenting its views, however, it makes statements so erroneous as to suggest in its case the alternatives of complete ignorance or deliberate intention to deceive. Such of the News' readers as are intelligent enough to form an accurate opinion will instantly detect the fallacy from which it argues; and such of them as have not that degree of intelligence will not even understand what the News is trying to impress outside the pale of the facts. So bald an alternative statement of the case is disagreeable for us to make, and we would be pleased could the News show us that we are wrong in making it. But, in its opening it declares:

"When William Jennings Bryan returned from his tour of foreign countries and announced, after a study of railway systems abroad, that it was likely the railway development in this country would ultimately become so extensive that Federal supervision of inter-state lines would result, a hue and cry went up from a thousand throats. For merely suggesting a possibility, not sanctioning it, he has been criticised by every anti-Bryan paper and individual in the United States. To even suggest Federal supervision was obnoxious."

Of course, all who remember the blunder made by the first political home comer from Elba, will recognize at a glance that the News grossly misstates the case when it says that the conclusion of Mr. Bryan's observations on railroads was that there would be ultimately "Federal supervision of interstate lines." What he said had not to do with "supervision" but was on the other hand plainly and clearly expressed as "government ownership." Ownership and supervision are entirely distinct words, as would appear from the fact of the then existing Federal supervision of railroads engaged in interstate business, did the words themselves not differ radically and irrevocably. But having changed Bryan's declaration involving the confiscation of private railroad properties by the Government into a mere suggestion of supervision, already recognized in the Constitution and applied by the Congress, the News continues from this false premise to argue that President Taft is now going further in his recommendations than the Peerless One did at that time, when even the loyal South came all but to the point of repudiating him. For of President Taft's message it says:

"Almost with his first message President Taft makes the broadside suggestion that the Federal government be given authority in control and supervision of corporations which for over a century past has rested with the several States. No more revolutionary message could be adopted by a republic. No move in a century has been fraught with greater menace to the underlying principle upon which this republic is founded—the sovereignty and supremacy of State's rights—than this."

Now, the News ought to know—indeed, we cannot force ourselves to conclude that it does not know—that, so far from making the "broadside suggestion that the Federal Government be given authority in control and supervision of corporations which for over a century past has rested with the States," Mr. Taft stressed the point that such incorporation must be made entirely optional with the companies engaged in interstate business and indeed pointed out that only those combinations which may now be subject to prosecution under the Sherman law would avail themselves of the privilege, thus enabling them, by conformity to the Federal law, to escape the multiplicity of conflicting State statutes, and leaving the smaller and more simply organized corporations to retain their State charters. In other words, the gist of Mr. Taft's message was to be the effect that the Sherman law governing trusts was to be preserved practically in complete integrity; but that, realizing the disorganization of business which would follow wholesale prosecutions, he proposed a way by which these corporations might "quit their meanness," conform themselves to legal requirements, and, as a safeguard on the part of the Government that this be done, take out a Federal charter subjecting themselves to the strictest supervision and control. In other words, it is thus "put up to" the trusts: Government supervision requiring compliance with the law, or taking the risk of Government prosecution by continuing illegal methods under State charters. The choice from the point of view of the trusts is probably a hard one; from the point of view of the people it is one practical solution after impractical ones innumerable.

The News is without the facts both when it suggests that Bryan's "ultimate" solution was an enforced supervision in derogation of State's rights and in its further suggestion that in this instance Mr. Taft further extends the Roosevelt doctrine of centralization. Taft, Roosevelt and Bryan, all three favor (or, in Bryan's case, possibly, "favored," since in his case the "favor" does not last) a more centralized government. But in this matter of interstate corporations, where Taft suggests an extension in the practice of a constitutional power of supervision, Bryan held out as the "ultimate" hope the socialistic doctrine of confiscation for the sake of government ownership.

The two views are as dissimilar as white from black.

"EUMORIETY."

For some little time we have been noting occasional references to that good old word "eumoriety," now and then spelled "eumoirety," in which its meaning is suggested as being something of a mystery. We have refrained from "butting in" on the subject, for the two-fold reason that in some way we missed the original occasion on which the word was used to the making of the present controversy; and also because, not aspiring to membership in the "Round Table," we had no wish to complicate what ought to have been a pleasing, if easy, subject for the amusement of that august assemblage. When the Norfolk Landmark recently announced, however, that it had a satisfactory communication on file, which it would hold awhile in order to give the Round Table one more try, we waited to see, and, seeing nothing but a thick wall of silence, can stand the suspense no longer. Although but a blacksmith with words, as it were, we think we can shoe this horse without much trouble. So, to "eumoriety":

At first blush the "burr" of the word would suggest a Celtic origin (c. f. Moriarty); but the facts are agin' it. Probably, its etymology is hybrid (Greek and Latin), as: Greek, "eu"—"well," "happy"—and Latin, "morior"—"to die"; i. e., a happy death, a pleasant way of "shuffling off this mortal coil." More indirectly, but still with reason, it might be traced back to the Greek itself: "eu"—"well"—and "brotos"—"mortal"—the latter a development of the Greek root "mor", which by syncope becomes "mro," which in turn is strengthened by the addition of the beta, and which, in turn, itself becomes, by metathesis "brotos"—"mortal."

Indeed, we take it that the word is identical with that which is derived purely from the Greek—"euthanasia," expressing the same idea and referring to the same condition. Philostratus, the great rhetorician, used this word (euthanasia or "eumoriety") for the first time in the third century.

To make a home illustration, unless the Rev. Patten, of the Charlotte News, shall speedily come to the point of adopting a more cheerful theology, we fear that there will be no "eumoriety" in his passing when—we trust after many, many years—he shall come to go the way of all the proud and haughty flesh.

English elections are already being held when this is being read. Do not expect to know by tomorrow whether the Commons have abolished the House of Lords, or the House of Lords has abolished the Constitution, or the King will have to stack the cards by wholesale appointment of peers. It will be three weeks before the English get through the voting they begin today. With us, we go to a ball game and come home jubilant or crestfallen for supper; the Englishman takes an afternoon off every day for a fortnight to watch a cricket match. The English can wait; we can't.

There is a half-subtlety about the following from the Uplift that makes the point go home all the deeper for its momentary obscurity: "To Readers, Friends and Everybody: Whilst you are ascending the hill of prosperity, during the year 1910, may you never meet a friend!"

A MOVEMENT TO BE SQUELCHED.

The expected has happened in the calling at Henderson, Vance county, for the last of February of a "non-partisan" convention in the interest of "local option." The principal address is to be delivered by Hon. W. A. Self, of Catawba county, and the avowed purpose is the "expunging of the prohibition law from the statute books of North Carolina." There will follow, of course, other similar conventions, and if there is used even a measure of conservatism of statement and exerted even a reasonable activity, there will follow during the next nine months a renewal of liquor agitation in politics.

We say "in politics," because in one or another guise it will be politically that the agitation will inevitably find itself tending. There is no such thing possible as a "non partisan" agitation for the repeal of the prohibition law. The statute was proposed, it is true, by Democratic votes and passed by the non-partisan action of both Democrats and Republicans—the latter in thousands following the lead of Judge Pritchard, ex-Judge Robinson, and other members of the Republican party less conspicuous. But this movement is not in the interests of an election which shall have even the guise of the determination of a moral question. On the other hand, it is launched toward a repeal by the Legislature of a law voted by a large politics. It will, in proportion to its ago. Naturally, if it shall accumulate any force whatever, it will get into politics. It will, in proportion to its growth, absorb politics. And everywhere it comes into politics it will exert a debauching influence.

We have heretofore frequently expressed the strong conviction that the State needs rest from liquor agitation, in the absence of rest from a cause of incidental friction in order to the carrying out of concerted and progressive policies, the next best thing to do is to make this new attempt at disturbance as innocuous as possible. The State of North Carolina and other Southern States have overestimated the importance of the liquor question. They have not viewed it in the right perspective. They have devoted to it an amount of time, spent on it an amount of money that is astonishing in the light of any result that could be reasonably expected to flow out of it. It is disheartening to have it even intimated that we have all of this to go over with again. We had hoped that the sober sense of those who do not believe in prohibition would exert itself sufficiently to enable them to see that further agitation at this time is not only futile, but iniquitous. We say this in no partisan spirit, having deprecated, as well, the recent tendency on the part of the more extreme prohibitionists to seek a more stringent law than that now obtaining. As the matter will present itself to the larger mass of the people, it will be seen that, as respects liquor, what the State needs is the preservation of the status quo. More dangerous than more liquor may appear to the prohibitionist, more hurtful than sumptuary legislation may appear to the exponent of local self government, is the continued talk and the continual wrangle over this most besotted of all issues. We do not fear either that the law will be resubmitted or repealed. Either course would put the whole people to bitter and endless elections. We do not fear, on the other hand, the coalition with the local option advocates which the Republican party is evidently getting ready to suggest and encourage. Whatever may be the final outcome of liquor sentiment, that political party which adopts liquor as a slogan hangs a millstone about its neck. We merely see cause for regret that the signs indicate the obtrusion of the question into this year's primaries and elections, a condition that calls for resolute determination upon the part of the conservative elements of both parties to lay in its inception an agitation as barren of good as it is pregnant with evil.

"Reform" is persistent but unstable. New York recently took kindly to the propaganda; Boston, after an experience of two years, goes back by a small majority to the rule of its unregenerate "Honey Fitz." Two years more, and the metropolis will doubtless swing happily back to the arms of Tammany. So it goes. There is however, in all this apparently idle sweep of the pendulum a steady gain. "Reform" grows constantly away from the fantastic, both in aim and method. "The Machine" is ever more cautious and less impertinent. Harrassed as they are by the lack of any clear and abiding system of autonomous government; containing as they do the massed forces of easily led ignorance endowed with suffrage, the great cities are steadily, if slowly, working out the problem of business administration, freed from fanatical demand for impractical ideals on the one hand, and ever more determinedly resisting the license of graft and the exploitation of vice on the other. In this is sanity, and hope—sound progress independent of the miraculous.

It seems that the Insurgents are distinctly in the "quarter horse" class.

South Carolina is in for more liquor legislation. Some people never seem to know when they have "had enough".

The result of the Boston election is to eliminate from the name of the reform candidate, Mr. James J. Storrow, the letter "t".

Is it just possible that Tom Lawson so familiar with the "System," has found employment with the American Tobacco Company in the effort to get rid of the Burley Tobacco nuisance?

In forming an alliance with Thomas W. Lawson, the Burley Tobacco interests are true to their spectacular instincts. It is entirely possible, however, that in this instance they are getting out of the clutches of the Devil, only to find themselves in danger of engulfment in a deep and merciless sea.

Says the Columbia State: "A railroad brakeman had his head broken in an accident, thereby losing his mental balance. His sanity having been restored by an operation he learns that $16,000 recovered from the railroad company has been paid to the doctors. He is now mad." A brakeman so anxious for damages as to have his head broken was insane in the beginning. If he is now sane it was the broken head and not the doctors that cured him. The railroad ought to get a new trial and have judgment against the man who tried to defraud it, for costs anyway.

Helping Elect a Democratic House.
(New York World.)

We congratulate the Republican leaders on the patriotic service they are performing in helping to elect a Democratic House of Representatives next fall.

Mr. Taft has made it plain that insurgents who oppose the Administration's policies are to be deprived of their share of the patronage.

The Republican Congressional Committee has issued a statement announcing that the insurgents are to be regarded as Democrats and will receive no help for re-election.

The names of the insurgents have been erased from the list of the Republican "whips" of the House, and these rebellious Representatives are not to be summoned when matters of importance are up for consideration.

All this goes far to promote the general welfare and if the Republican leaders should succeed in electing a Democratic House of Representatives both parties would profit.

A Democratic victory in November would eliminate the issue of Cannonism and end the Republican insurrection against the House rules. It would strengthen the Democratic party and provide a more vigorous opposition to the Administration. The campaign of 1912 would be less one-sided and better government would result.

If the Democratic party cannot find leaders to rehabilitate it, let us be grateful for competent Republican assistance.

Why Not Kermit?
(New York World.)

The valued Chicago Tribune, which intends to "stand by Pinchot, right or wrong", because Pinchot "represents in the clearest sense the administration of Theodore Roosevelt", sees "the shadow of a great figure" hanging over the White House.

Of course it does. All true Rooseveltians spend their days and nights in ecstatic contemplation of the shadow of a great figure hanging over the White House. Otherwise they would be guilty of treason to My Policies. But if it must be Roosevelt for President in 1912, why not Kermit? Unless the chronicles of a mighty hunter are misleading, Kermit is likewise a Man of My Type.

We have no patience with the fossilized objection that Kermit is disqualified for the Presidency by the constitutional limitation as to age. Anybody named Roosevelt is qualified to be President of the United States, and there is no convincing reason why a particular Roosevelt should have a monopoly of eligibility. We have no doubt that Kermit's theories of political economy and constitutional government are quite as mature as Theodore's. No third-term issue could be raised against him, and he plays a strong game of tennis.

Kermit might not be so good as a rest, but he would be a change, and we respectfully submit his name to all devoted members of the Return from Elba Club. Give Kermit a chance.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Cannon turned down, says Saturday's paper. Dam across the Mississippi, says Sunday's. From this we infer that Uncle Joe turned his face towards the setting sun.—Florida Times Union.

How the prohibitionists frame their proposed law is none of our business perhaps but if they would make it effective the sale of corkscrews should be included in the outlawed articles.—Columbia State.

Does anybody happen to know whether or not Governor Vardaman has the hook worm disease? He acts as if there was something very seriously wrong with his vitals.—Charleston News and Courier.

About one hundred of the students at Tulane University in New Orleans are said to be infected with the hook worm. We knew something was the matter with them, but we did not know before that it was as bad as that.—Charleston News and Courier.

The Uplift is not in the business of calling things by hard names, and it has not even the ability to characterize in proper language, fit for publication, that thing called "The South Eastern Tariff Association." That's one organization that deserves immediate death. It has no more soul than an Indian's tomahawk. Our Industrial building is done, and it comes as near a fireproof building as any in the State. It is not exposed a particle; it is brick, has cement floors and a six thousand gallon water tank stands above it some two hundred feet distant, yet this Monopolistic Tan-Yard demands an insurance rate of 3 1-4 per cent. That's blood money. The concern is so concealed in its ways that it is not polite enough to issue even a calendar.—The Uplift.

Mr. Gilbert D. Leach, through the columns of the Tampa Tribune, tells why the freeze may result in great benefit to the State. That may be true enough, but we had rather not take the chances—Ocala Banner. The Times-Union does not wish to see any more blessings of this kind though the freeze of 1894-5, while for the time it almost obliterated Florida's orange industry, was unquestionably a blessing, for it created Florida's vegetable industry and now we have both vegetables and oranges and get good prices for both. We think, however, the freeze of 1894-5 just about exhausted the stock of gains and we are not anxious to see another like subscription rates in half to publish it.—Florida Times-Union.

The manner in which the cotton market was manipulated yesterday by the bulls in order to unload on those who were induced to buy by reason of the statement that Messrs. Brown and Haynes were going to New York and put cotton to 20 cents per pound was indeed shameful. The fellow who purchased yesterday morning was hit hard. The Times predicted cotton would go to 15 cents and the staple reached that figure and more. It advised against holding for higher prices though we notice Mr. Harvey Jordan and others think it may reach even 25 cents per pound. We do not say cotton will not go higher for we can not possibly know. But 15 cents is a good price and the farmer who holds for more, in our judgment, is not acting wisely. Remember.—Wilson Times.

President Taft will discover, if he has already not discovered, that the best thing to do was to fire both of the gentlemen. We are reminded that Gov. Chas. M. Haskell, treasurer of the National Democratic executive committee, retired under a fire that in no way scorched him. The fact that charges had been made against him, however, jeopardized the chances of his chief who, it must be said, was unfortunate in the selection of his lieutenants. A great and good man sometimes gathers men around him that make his election undesirable to the rank and file of thinking voters. Mr. Taft may sincerely believe in the integrity of Mr. Ballinger, but that gentleman's very integrity has been attacked, and he should be railroaded out of the way until the investigating committee passes on his case.—Winston-Salem Journal.

A committee composed of George A. King, John S. Keyes, Moorfield Story, Henry L. Higginson, Charles Francis Adams, 2nd, Woodward Hudson, Edward J. Bartlett and George S. Keyes has issued a circular appealing to admirers of Ralph Waldo Emerson to contribute $13,000 necessary to complete a fund of $20,000 for a statue to be placed in the Emerson house at Concord, Mass. Daniel C. French, the sculptor, who in his youth was Mr. Emerson's neighbor and friend, has consented to undertake the work of modelling the statue. The committee says: "Every year brings an increasing number of pilgrims to Concord who are drawn there by their veneration for Ralph Waldo Emerson, and who see his house and the places which he loved, but find no fitting image of the man. It has seemed to many that this want should be supplied, and that the wide circle of men and women who are indebted to his teachings would be glad to join in erecting a statue to Mr. Emerson in the town from which he sent to the world the message which has done so much to uplift humanity and where he lived and died."—New York Tribune.

Making Life Safer.

Everywhere life is being made more safe through the work of Dr. King's New Life Pills in Constipation, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver troubles, Kidney Diseases and Bowel Disorders. They're easy, but sure, and perfectly build up the health. 25c. at Robert R. Bellamy's.

Great Reduction Sale
—OF—
FASHIONABLE CLOTHING

For one week we will give a reduction of one-fourth off on all Winter Clothing. This is in order to make room for our new Spring stock which will arrive soon.

$ 7.50 Wool Suits, one-fourth off	$ 5.63
10.00 Wool Suits, one-fourth off	7.50
15.00 Wool Suits, one-fourth off	11.25
10.00 Overcoats, one-fourth off	7.50
20.00 Overcoats, one-fourth off	15.00

Also big reduction in stylish Furs, Cloaks, Rain Coats, Skirts and Baby Cloaks.

See us for the best Mattings, Rugs, Art Squares, Etc.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

42-inch Rain Proof Cloth this week 50c the yard.

THE FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CAR FARE.

Happy New Year!

I wish to thank my friends and customers for their liberal patronage during the year just closed, and trust our business relations in future will continue to be pleasant and profitable to each of us.

J. W. BROOKS
Wholesale Grocer. — Wilmington, N. C.

ja 2 tf

SPECIAL VALUES FOR CHRISTMAS.

Here's the place and now's the time to meet the size of your pocketbook. We have had made for us especially cigars in boxes of 25-5c for $1.00 per box; 25 10c cigars, $2.00; up to 20c each, or $4.50 per box.

Best cigars obtainable at their several prices. Lots of beautiful Xmas presents—Rubber Gloves, Perfumery, etc.

Come here and buy your Xmas goods and vote for the piano. Look at the list of participants:

Miss Lena McKenzie	1,189	Miss Annie Banks	320
Delgado Sunday School	222	Miss Rosa May Furlong	353
Y. M. C. A.	1,040	Miss Lillian Bannerman	2,652
Miss Thelma Fillyaw	785	Brotherhood Railway Clerks.	359
Major Johnson	206	Miss Lydia Davis	240
Miss Fenley, for Hospital	209	Miss Lillian Vaughn	261
Mrs. C. Williams	2,502	W. E. Jays	321
St. John's Sunday School	2,686	Miss Mallie Houston	977
Miss Viola East	311	Fenley Bros.	1,649
D. Hendricks	217	Naval Reserves	206
First Presbyterian S. S.	207		

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists
WILMINGTON, N. C.

J. M. Solky & Co.

Special Offering to Those That Are Interested in Saving Money!

One Lot of Boys' Long Pants Suits of about 25 different styles, averaging in sizes from 14 years to 19 years, will be closed out at 1-2 their regular price.

$10.00 Suits, 1-2 off	$5.00
$12.00 Suits, 1-2 off	6.00
$12.50 Suits, 1-2 off	6.25
$13.50 Suits, 1-2 off	6.75
$14.00 Suits, 1-2 off	7.00
$15.00 Suits, 1-2 off	7.50
$16.00 Suits, 1-2 off	8.00
$16.50 Suits, 1-2 off	8.25

The people have been taking advantage of the great offering in Children's Straight Knee Pants Suits, and we have sold quite a number already still we have several sizes left yet that will be closed out at 1-3 off their regular price.

We carry the largest and complete line of Furnishing Goods in the city, always receiving new styles.

Strouse & Bros. and B. Kuppenheimer Suits are a pleasure for us to give you a try on, which is all we ask. Every article guaranteed as represented or your money refunded.

J. M. SOLKY & CO.
One Price Clothiers and Furnishers. Masonic Temple Phone No. 617

FOR ADDITIONAL EQUIPMENT

Bids Opened by Water and Sewerage Commission Yesterday Noon—Two Long Sessions of Body. Meeting Again Today.

Bids were opened by the Water and Sewerage Commission at the City Hall yesterday noon for the construction of a brick power and filter house, the construction of machinery foundations, re-arangement of machniery, the building of a radial brick stack, extensions to the filtetr plant, the building of a re-inforced concrete sedimentation basin, and a concrete storage reservoir, representing the last installment of equipment in connection with the reconstruction and rehabilitation of the Wilmington waterworks plant.

It has been estimated that the improvements for which bids were received yesterday will cost in the neighborhood of $50,000, though the members of the Commission are giving out no figures yet. After the bids were opened and publicly read the Commission adjourned to meet again last night. In the afternoon the bids were gone over by Superintendent Robertson and the consulting engineers, who were in session until 7 o'clock. The Commission met at 8 o'clock and was in session until 11 o'clock, when adjournment was taken until today. It is very evident that the members of the Commission realize that there is left only a limited amount of money to be expended for improvements of the waterworks plant and still have sufficient funds for a sewerage system and they will let the contracts for additional equipment only after a thorough and careful investigation of all the bids as was the case when the other contracts were given out.

Those present when the bids were opened were Mr. C. W. Worth, chairman, and Messrs. M. W. Jacobi, secretary, and Mr. W. E. Perdew, other two members of the commission; Col. W. F. Robertson, superintendent; Messrs. Hazelhurst & Anderson, consuling engineers, besides a number of representatives of firms submitting bids. Mr. Anderson, of the engineering firm, opened and read the bids, 15 in number. Bids were submitted for the different items by the following, each bid being accompanied by a certified check upon the part of the bidder: Unietd States Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.; Fairbanks Co., Baltimore, Md.; The Darling Pipe & Manufacturing Co., Williamsport, Pa.; Columbian Iron Works, Chattanooga, Tenn.; Donforth Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; Pittsburg Filter Manufacturing Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; J. Whit Gurley & Co., Mobile, Ala.; Standard Kiln & Chimney Co., New York; H. R. Heinieke Co., New York City; Alphons Custodis Chimney Construction Co., New York.

The Commission will meet at 10 o'clock this morning at which time representatives of the firms submittings bids will be present and explain the merits of their respective goods. The contracts may be awarded late this afternoon or tonight.

ONSLOW TELEPHONE CO.

First Annual Meeting Held on Tuesday—Gratifying Showing.

The first annual meeting of the Onslow Telephone Company, the completion of the lines of which to connection with the Southern Bell in this city was noted with gratification, was held Tuesday evening at the home office in Jacksonville, N. C. There were present 40 stockholders, representing a large majority of the shares and the reports of the president, Mr. E. L. Cox, and other officers was most gratifying. It was found that the net earnings of the company during the year amounted to 13 per cent. of the capital stock. Of these earnings six per cent. was declared in dividends and the remaining seven per cent. was passed to a maintenance surplus The Onslow company is a striking illustration of what may be accomplished by co-operation and unity of effort, backed by intelligent, conservative management. The coming years promises to witness the building of many more such co-operative lines in rural and semi-rural communities.

IN COLORED "HIGH LIFE".

Wedding Last Night at Almont Factory Attended by Party.

At Almont factory, three miles up the river, at 8 o'clock last night there was a wedding in "colored high life" that enlisted the interest and attention of quite a party of Wilmington friends, both white and colored, who went up on a special trip of the steamer Navassa, returning after the ceremony, among the number being Supt. Strickland and wife, Mr. and Mrs. LaFrage and others of the "official family" at the factory. The bride was Goldie Spears, daughter of Henry Spears, for 30 years or longer, fireman at the mill, and Aaron Cole, an employe at the works. The ceremony was performed at the home of the bride by the pastor of St. Stephen's A. M. E. church, of this city, and the proverbial cake and wine and other refreshments were served. It was a very elaborate affair and the party from Wilmington was highly entertained at the "infair."

THE SEMINOLE SEARCHING.

Cutter Goes Far Out to Sea On Hunt For Steam Lighter.

It will likely be several days before the revenue cutter Seminole returns to port as she has been ordered by the Department to steam seaward and assist in the search, with three other revenue cutters, for the steam lighter Columbia and her crew of 12 men.

A complete search is being made for the Columbia from the coast of Maine to Florida and all four cutters in this territory have been detailed for the service. The lighter referred to left Washington during the first of December and has not been heard from.

The Seminole left here Wednesday of last week and it will likely be Sunday before she returns. She will go some distance off the Carolina coast, pursuant to orders from the Department.

OFF TO LAYMEN'S CONVENTION

Large Wilmington Delegation Left Last Night for Greensboro on Special Pullman—Opened Last Evening.

The State convention of the Laymen's Missionary Movement in Greensboro, the first session of which was held last night, will be attended by some 25 or 30 prominent laymen and ministers of Wilmington. More than 20 left last night on a special Pullman car over the A. C. L. and Southern and will arrive in Greensboro early this morning. Others left yesterday morning on the A. & Y. train.

Among those who left last night were noted: Messrs. H. W. Malloy, Walker Taylor, J. A. Taylor, James H. Chadbourn, J. A. McGeachy, L. B. Rogers, A. G. Latta, E. W. Penny, F. E. Hashagen, J. Henry Murphy, H. G. Bowden, Louis Williams, W. M. Cumming, Dr. J. G. Murphy, Rev. Dr J. H. Foster, pastor of the First Baptist church; Rev. T. A. Smoot, pastor of Grace M. E. Church; Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian; Rev. John M. Wells, D. D., pastor of the First Presbyterian; C. C. Loughlin, Esq., and James A. Price. Others who intended to go on the special and probably did were Rev. J. S. Crowley, pastor of Immanuel Presbyterian church, and Mr. W. C. Peterson.

The Pullman was operated over the A. C. L. to Goldsboro, where it was shifted to the Southern train and the remainder of the journey will be over that road, arriving in Greensboro about 6 o'clock this morning. The convention will conclude Friday night and those on the special Pullman will leave Greensboro at midnight Friday on the return trip, arriving in Wilmington the next morning.

The opening session was held last night, the following being the programme: Address, "Men and Missions," Dr. George B. Cromer, sec., L. M. M., Lutheran Church, Newberry, S. C.; "Asia Awake and Waiting," Rev. C. A. R. Janvier, India; "America's World Responsibility," C. H. Pratt, Sec. L. M. M., So. Presbyterian Church, Athens, Ga.

The opening session today will be held at 9:30 o'clock and the following is the programme: "Significance of the Laymen's Missionary Movement," Rev. R. W. Patton, Atlanta, Ga., Dept. Sec. Board of Missions, Protestant Episcopal church; "Systematic Missionary Education," Rev. T. B. Ray, D. D., Richmond, Va., secy. Foreign Mission Board Southern Baptist convention. Then there will be a discussion on "The Missionary Meeting," "Associated Investigation of Missions," "The Use of Missionary Literature", "How to Conduct a Campaign of Missionary Education," followed by an address by Rev. C. T. Hounshell, of Korea, on "The Revival in Korea"; Rev. H. F. Williams, of Nashville, Tenn., editor "The Missionary," on "The East Calls."

This afternoon the following will be the programme: "Prayer and Missions," Rev. W. L. Lingle, D. D., Atlanta, Ga.; "The Adequate Missionary Policy," Dr. J. T. Henderson, Bristol, Sec. L. M. M., So. Baptist Convention; "The Missionary Committee the Right Hand of the Laymen's Missionary Movement," Hon. W. B. Stubbs, Nashville, Sec. L. M. M., So. Methodist church; "Business System in Missionary Finance," Dr. J. O. Reavis, Nashville, Sec. executive committee foreign missions, Southern Presbyterian church; Dr. D. Clay Lilly, Nicholasville, Ky., field secretary National L. M. M., discussion of "The Weekly Offering," and "The Every Member Canvass."

Tonight's programme includes address on "The Laymen's New Horizon," by Dr. J. H. Apple, Frederick, Md.; "Progress of Christianity in China," by Rev. A. P. Parker, D. D., China; "The Field is the World," by Rt. Rev. A. S. Lloyd, D. D., Alexandria.

The programme for tomorrow is as follows: Morning, 9:30 o'clock—"The Busy Man and the King's Business," J. H. Tucker, Asheville; C. A. Rowland, Athens, Ga.; "Personal Investigation of Missions," Hon. Joshua Levering, Baltimore; "Reflex Influence of Missions," Rt. Rev. Robt. Strange, D. D., Wilmington, N. C.; "The Stewardship of Life," Rev. E. H. Rawlings. D. D., Richmond; "The Great Commission", Rev. J. N. Pressly, Statesville, N. C.

Afternoon, 2 o'clock—Conference of ministers, West Market Street M. E. church; 3 o'clock— Denominational Rallies, Simultaneous Conferences. Methodist Episcopal, at West Market M. E. church, W. B. Stubbs, presiding; Protestant Episcopal, at St. Barnabas church, Paul W. Schenck, presiding; Baptist, at First Baptist church, J. H. Tucker, presiding; Friends, at Grace M. P. church, Pres. L. Lyndon Hobbs, presiding; Reformed, at First Presbyterian church, Smith Memorial Building, Dr. J. H. Apple, presiding; Lutheran, at First Baptist church, Prof. Geo. B. Cromer, presiding; Methodist Protestant, at Grace M. P. church, J. Norman Wills, presiding; Presbyterian, at First Presbyterian church, Smith Memorial Building, C. H. Pratt, presiding; Moravian, at West Market Sunday School room, Henry E. Fries, presiding; Christian, at West Market street church, Epworth League rooms, Prof. W. A. Harper, presiding.

Evening, 7:30 o'clock—Reports from Denominational Rallies; "Christ's Call to Men," Dr. E. M. Poteat, Greenville, S. C.; "Light for Darkest Africa," Mr. Willis R. Hotchkiss, Lumbwa, Africa.

St. Matthew's Lutheran Church.

The Ladies' Missionary Society of St. Matthew's English Lutheran church will be held at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon. A full attendance is desiredas important business is to be transacted. Prayer meeting at 8 P. M. and church council meeting at 9 P. M. The entire council is urged to be present.

A Wretched Mistake

to endure the itching, painful distress of Piles. There's no need to. Listen: "I suffered much from Piles," writes Will. A. Marsh, of Silver City, N. C., "till I got a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and was soon cured." Burns, Boils, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Eczema, Cuts, Chapped Hands, Chilblains vanish before it. 25c. at Robert R. Bellamy's.

CHAMBER TAKES FIRM STAND

Joint Freight Tariff Between Railroads and Clyde Line Unsatisfactory—Do Not Recognize Wilmington as Port.

"Resolved, That the joint tariff between the Clyde Line and the Atlantic Coast Line and Seaboard Air Line railroads, effective January 15th, 1910, is entirely inadequate to the end of developing the commerce of the port of Wilmington, and that this Chamber urgently requests that the adjustment be made on a re-alignment that will recognize Wilmington as a port of entry."

The above resolution, introduced by Mr. D. L. Gore, was unanimously adopted at a special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday morning, following a rather lengthy and somewhat spirited discussion of the matter by several prominent members of the Chamber. Several members spoke against taking such a stand, but when it came to voting the resolution was unanimously adopted.

The meeting was called to order at 11 o'clock with President J. A. Taylor presiding and Secretary J. A. McGeachy at his desk. It was one of the most largely attended and likewise most important meetings held in some months. Those present were Messrs. L. B. Rogers, James Sprunt, J. H. Chadbourn, D. L. Gore, P. Pearsall, J. VanB. Metts, W. M. Cumming, F. E. Hashagen, W. H. Brown, R. C. Merritt, C. H. Robinson, J. H. Watters, W. B. Cooper, H. G. Smallbones, H. A. Burr, J. B. Rice, C. C. Brown, Jesse Wilder, Clayton Giles, Jr., T. W. Clawson, M. W. Divine, E. A. Metts, D. H. Penton, Jas. S. Williams, Walker Taylor, U. M. Robinson, James Kyle, S. P. McNair, H. L. Vollers, T. D. Love, J. A. Taylor, J. A. McGeachy, L. E. Hall, Thomas H. Wright, Geo. R. French, J. F. Roach, T. R. Orrell, John Haar, L. Bluethenthal and A. J. Moore.

President Taylor stated that owing to the fact that Capt. Earle I. Brown had been called out of the city the matter of future port facilities would be considered at a later meeting. The secretary read a letter from the Department to Capt. Brown inquiring as to terminal and transfer facilities at this port and what would be the policy as to the development of same, providing warehouses, dock areas, etc., this having a decided bearing on the 30-foot channel project. In the absence of Capt. Brown action was deferred until a later meeting. President Taylor stated, however, that it was important for the government to know something relative to the means of handling the increased business that would come with a deeper channel.

The matter of traffic arrangements with the Atlantic Coast Line and Seaboard Air Line railroads and the Clyde Line was then taken up. For some time the Chamber has been working for another steamer from New York to this port and to this end the railroads were asked to co-operate with the Clyde Line in making an advantageous through rate from New York to inland towns in this section, which would increase the volume of business. Heretofore the railroads would not handle freight from the Clyde Line to points in the interior unless the freight charges were prepaid. The railroads and Clyde Line arranged a new tariff, effective January 15th, providing for the handling of through freight, but the new tariff is unsatisfactory to shippers and receivers in that it does not embrace any concessions in rates to inland points in this section.

President Taylor stated that the Chamber had appointed a committee to take up the matter. The Clyde Line had shown a willingness to cooperate, but the railroads had not done their part. He referred to the re-adjustment providing for through bills of lading from New York to points like Clarkton, Wallace, etc., via Wilmington, but stated that the rates were the same as exist from New York via Norfolk to those points, which he considered an injustice considering the shorter haul. Such places as Clarkton, Wallace, etc., are in Wilmington territory and he could conceivé of no reason why the rates should not be lower. He also spoke of the fact that Norfolk has a steamer from New York every day, while Wilmington has only one a week, and stated that so long as the rate from the metropolis to points in this territory were the same via Wilmington as via Norfolk the merchants residing in towns adjacent to this city would prefer to have shipments via Norfolk, as the freight can be handled with more rapidity where there is a daily service. It looked to him like a desire on the part of the roads to get everything at a sacrifice of Wilmington, as the roads own their own steamer lines to Norfolk. He said that with such a handicap there was no way of developing commerce, which cannot be created without proper facilities for handling. More ships coming South is what is needed and they won't come unless they have something to bring and this they cannot have unless Wilmington is treated fairly in the matter of freight rates.

In speaking of the co-operation of the Southern and Central of Georgia in developing Savannah, which is no better a port than Wilmington, Mr. Taylor paid his respects particularly to the Coast Line, which he said was doing nothing toward opening up Wilmington, which is its biggest freight point. He said that the railroad would not even give Wilmington common justice and declared that there was no justifiable reason for such treatment. He said that when the South Carolina Commission reduced the railroad rate on fertilizer the Coast Line adjusted rates for Savannah and Jacksonville to meet the Charleston rate, but ignored Wilmington altogether in the deal.

Mr. D. L. Gore endorsed what had been said by the president and suggested that a resolution be adopted demanding equitable rigits. Mr. W. B. Cooper thought the Chamber should go slowly as there were two sides to every question. He favored giving the railroad an opportunity to be heard before taking further action. Mr. A. J. Moore, local agent of the Coast Line, was present, but said that he could not speak officially on the matter. He said that Mr. R. A. Brand, freight traffic manager, would have been present, he thought, but for sickness.

Mr. Cooper thought that the Coast Line had acted very favorably toward Wilmington in some things, especially as to the rate on peanuts. Mr. U. M. Robinson made a strong speech in favor of some immediate action. He said the Chamber should demand, not ask. After speaking of experiences he had with the railroad as a committeeman from the Chamber, saying that it is not the policy of the road to hand anybody anything on a silver platter, he said that the Coast Line has shown no tendency to improve its terminal facilities here, while the Seaboard had spent $300,000 or $400,000 in building big warehouses. He said further that the wharf property was not kept in good condition. Mr. T. D. Love said that he had found the railroads willing to help out, citing as instance that the roads had made an adjustment of rates on pig iron to conform with a Charleston rate. Mr. L. B. Rogers was strongly in favor of taking a firm stand and demanding fair treatment at the hands of the railroads.

Then Mr. Gore introduced the resolution, given above. Mr. Cooper offered as a substitute that a committee of three be appointed to confer with the railroads. His substitute, however, failed to receive a second and the resolution of Mr. Gore was carried unanimously. The meeting adjourned at 12:30 o'clock.

During the discussion Mr. L. B. Rogers also referred to the poor treatment the people of Wilmington have received at the hands of the Atlantic Ciast Line citing the miserable excuse that this city now has for a "union" depot and the lack of mail and passenger facilities on the Wilmington & Weldon railroad between Wilmington and Goldsboro, where the Norfolk shoo-fly is held up instead of being brought on to Wilmington as it should be. The Goldsboro Chamber of Commerce has taken the matter up and towns between Wilmington and Goldsboro have petitioned for the service. It is learned that this matter will be pushed in the very near future from independent sources.

President Taylor, of the Chamber, replied to Mr. Rogers with reference to the compromise by which the present "union depot" facilities were accepted, telling of the panic which immediately followed the Chamber's effort and stating that at any rate this had nothing to do with transportation.

HOSPITAL STATISTICAL REPORT.

Fne Year's Work at Wilmington's Splendid Institution—Figures.

The statistical report of the James Walker Memorial Hospital for the year 1909 has just been made public and it makes a fine showing for this splendid institution, which has done so much for suffering and afflicted humanity. During the year there was a total of 818 admissions and of these there were 389 pay cases and 429 charity cases. Of the 818 admissions 151 were non-residents of the county, showing that the beneficent influences of the institution are not only felt here, but in all the teritory contiguous to this city. Of the pay patients 40 were colored and of the charity cases 293 were colored. The average number of patients in the hospital each day was 40, of which 16 were pay patients and 24 were charity.

The number of days treatment was furnished in the hospital and in the dispensary with the number of operations, appear from the statistical report as follows:

	Pay.	Charity.	Operations.	In Dispensary.	Ambulance Calls.
Jan.	442	698	36	280	30
Feb.	417	677	16	280	29
March	435	592	25	280	35
April	604	712	43	282	40
May	686	706	35	270	37
June	582	825	30	180	48
July	627	591	27	239	45
Aug.	408	793	29	282	45
Sept	346	670	29	305	53
Oct.	311	746	16	277	44
Nov.	414	787	33	263	42
Dec.	412	685	28	218	35
	5,984	8,482	356	3,106	500

Wilmington feels justly proud of its hospital and it is gratifying to know that from year to year, under a capable and efficient management, its usefulness is steadily increasing.

WILMINGTON BUILT ENGINE.

One Just Installed in Tug Coquette a Home Product.

Recently mention was made that a new compound engine was being installed in the government tug Coquette, which is now on the marine railway preparatory to resuming her work on the Cape Fear improvement. It was stated at the time that the engine was being installed at the Wilmington Iron Works, but no one had any idea that a marine type of engine of the power required for the Coquette could be built at Wilmington. As a matter of fact the engine was not only installed, but was built by the Wilmington Iron Works, a fact which is noteworthy as indicating the enterprise and equipment of a local plant. It is understood that the engine installed in the Coquette is giving fine service and that the Wilmington Iron Works has already established quite a reputation as builders of both stationary and marine engines.

BIDS OPENED YESTERDAY.

For Construction of Timber and Pile Bulkhead in Cape Fear River.

At the United States Engineer's office, in this city, yesterday at noon bids were opened for furnishing all material for and constructing a pile and timber bulkhead in Cape Fear river, opposite City of Wilmington, the site of the new U. S. government yards. The following bids were received: H. W. Crouch, Mount Pleasant, S. C., $4,584.36; G. & W. Mfg. Co., New York, $6,749.98; Richard Parrott, Jr., Newburgh, N. Y., $7,679.28; J. T. McMahon, Norfolk, Va., $5,825.93; Wilmington Iron Works, Wilmington, N. C., $12,892.80.

Indoor Athletic Events.

The first of a series of indoor athletic events arranged for by Mr. B. H. Tyrrell, physical director, took place in the gymnasium of the Y. M. C. A. last night. There was a large attendance and great interest was shown in events last night. In the high jump Fittz made the best record, four feet, 11 inches, with Delamar second, four feet, five inches, and in the three broad jumps Hill lead, 27 feet, six inches, with Delamar second, 26 feet, six inches. Mr. Tyrrell has arranged 24 events, two to be pulled off every week until the completion of the series.

The Theatre

The wonderful talking moving pictures at the Crystal Palace are certainly creating "some talk," and as a result of this large audiences were again at the popular vaudeville theatre yesterday. The matinees were especially largely attended, showing that the new order of things is proving very attractive to the ladies and children. Last night the feature talking picture was "The Female Highwayman," and it was a regular dramatic performance. The pictures, with their constant motion and apparent sound, seemed to be things of real life, and the large audiences vigorously applauded. The splendid vaudeville number of the programme, Prof. Scafar's Russian dog and goat circus, again delighted, as did Miss Austin's illustrated song singing, and so the general opinion was that the present novel bill is a "winner."

The price of admission, as has been stated before, is now only 10 cents at any time.

A Notable Engagement.

Tomorrow night the Academy will offer what is without doubt one of the greatest of all American plays. It has been proclaimed "the greatest" by well known critics, and the production of this famed play, "Paid in Full" will be made in Wilmington identically as it was made in New York City, where it had such a long and tremendously successful run. A number of Wilmington folks saw "Paid in Full" at Raleigh during the State Fair, the attraction having played there one night on the way to New Orleans, and those who saw it praise it as the best play they have ever seen. It is a powerful drama of everyday life.

Wagenhals and Kemper, who will make the production, promise one of the strongest and most notable acting companies ever gathered in one organization and the production itself will be complete in the minutest detail. The play is in four acts, and the theme is taken from some incidents in real life. The handling of the story throughout is done in a most forceful style, the characters breathe real life, and their actions are not the studied movements of the ordinary 'Play-of-today' actor. They are human, and for this very radical departure from conventional lines and themes it would seem that Mr. Walter merits the thanks of the theatre-going public. "Paid in Full" is now in its second year in New York and the play has to its credit a run of five months in Chicago. There has been a big demand for seats here and the indications are a packed house will greet Wagenhals and Kemper's long looked for offering. Seats go on sale at the Crystal Palace this morning.

A Big Comedy Success.

Unless all promises fail completely, an engagement of unalloyed jollity may be confidently looked forward to in the presentation at the Academy Saturday, matinee and night, of "Are You a Suffragette?" the latest comedy triumph which A. G. Delamater is offering, with Florence Davis in the leading role, and a cast entirely capable of doing the fullest justice to the funny complications which arise during the action of a sad, sad story relating to what might happen to some women who join the suffragette movement at the expense of their home ties. In dealing with the subject the author, Frederick Arnold Kummer, has taken upon himself the responsibility of showing just how far reaching the votes for women cause can be, and he attempts with a large measure of success to show a few side lights in such a comical vein that the audience can scarcely recover from one shock before another explosive of the same character is hurled at them with force enough to keep the laughter incessant.

Mr. Delamater gives the most positive assurance that in offering "Are You a Suffragette?" he has not over looked the huge importance of a thoroughly capable cast of comedy players, who can be absolutely relied upon to render his star, Miss Davis, the most valuable assistance.

Seats for both performances will go on sale tomorrow at the Palace.

At the Bijou Today.

"The Imp of the Bottle," "A Winter's Tale" and "Bluebeard" will be shown at the Bijou theatre today. It is an excellent bill and the many patrons will be more than pleased with it. A large crowd can always be found at the popular theatre, day or night.

NEED A MOORING BASIN.

Agitated in Connection With Improved Harbor Facilities.

In connection with the suggested improved harbor facilities which will be taken up with the Chamber of Commerce through the local United States engineer's office, an effort will be made to impress upon the authorities the urgent necessity of a mooring basin for this port.

In bringing up this matter again it was mentioned yesterday that some time ago $30,000 was appropriated for this specific purpose, but was expended at the discretion of the government engineer's for other necessary improvements in the river.

The mooring basin, from what is learned, is essential to the welfare of the port. The basin will enable large steamers to lie at anchor in the river while awaiting berth with perfect safety, while at present they are in constant danger of drifting ashore.

MORE STEAMERS ON THE WAY.

Montauk Point and Richmond Will be Here in a Few Days.

The British steamer Montauk Point, of 3,026 net tons register, one of the few largest of the season for Wilmington, is expected to arrive here probably next week, going to Charleston first to discharge part cargo. She sailed from Leith, England, on the 16th of December, and is reported to have fertilizer constituents.

Another steamer, the Richmond, a British bottom of 1,859 tons, is expected shortly after the Montauk Point, also going to Charleston first. The Richmond is on the way across from Middleboro, England.

WILMINGTON PRESBYTERY

Adjourned Meeting Held at Atkinson Tuesday Morning.

Wilmington Presbytery held an adjourned meeting at Atkinson Tuesday morning for the purpose of considering several matters left open at the special meeting held in this city some two weeks ago. The meeting was held in the Episcopal Church there, the Presbyterian Church building being in course of construction and not yet finished. Among those present were: Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Church, this city; Rev. J. M. Plowden, pastor of Delgado Church; Rev. W. M. Sykes, of Burgaw; Rev. K. McCaskill, of Atkinson; and elders from Black River, South River, Harmony and Caswell. Mr. Plowden presided and after the devotional exercises Dr. McClure preached a fine sermon, following which business matters were taken up.

The most important matter for consideration was the resignation of Mr. McCaskill, which was considered at some length at the special meeting held here. Mr. McCaskill asked to be released from the pastorate of South River, Black River, Harmony and Caswell churches in order to accept the pastorate of the Olivet and Basic City churches, near Staunton, Va. The Presbytery regretfully decided to accept the resignation and granted Mr. McCaskill a letter of dismissal to the Lexington, Va., Presbytery. Rev. E. S. Carr, formerly evangelist for Brunswick county, has accepted the pastorate of the church at Chadbourn. The installation services will be held the fifth Sunday in this month.

WAS ADVERTISING SCHEME.

Placards Posted on Streets Predicted Earthquake in Prices.

It developed yesterday morning that the large placards in various parts of the city late Tuesday night giving warning of an approaching earthquake was only an advertising scheme of one of the locla merchants, who expects to "jar" the public by the announcement of startlingly low prices within the next few days. The developments of yesterday proved that Assistant Chief of Police Burnett is good at theorizing correctly, he having stated when the signs were discovered that it was either an advertising scheme of one of the local merchants, who honestly believed what he had printed. As stated in yesterday's paper it is a violation of a city ordinance to use telephone poles, trees or fences for advertising purposes. The agent of the merchant who will conduct the big sale is a stranger to the city and was not aware of the existing law, but cautioned those whom he employed to post the cards not to use telephone poles, trees or fences, but to tack the cards on billboards. He went to the Mayor yesterday morning and made an explanation and later called on the Recorder. It was decided not to bring any charge against the gentleman provided he would gather up all the placards the police had failed to find the night before. This was agreed to and thus the matter was settled.

Bicycle Stolen But Recovered.

A bicycle belonging to Mr. T. F. James, of Carolina Heights, was stolen in front of the J. Hicks Bunting drug store about 8 o'clock last night. Mr. James left the "bike" on the sidewalk while he went into the store to make some purchases and when he returned it was gone. The police were notified, and at 11 o'clock last night Mounted Officer D. W. Coleman found the bicycle near corner of Seventh and Nixon streets. The police think that the "bike" was taken off by a negro youth who lives in that section and desired only a ride home.

—A horse belonging to Mr. W. J. Reaves, who resides on Second, between Church and Castle street, and which had been sick for several days, was shot and killed by Officer Frank George about 11 o'clock last night. Neighbors had complained at the City Hall that their rest had been disturbed at night by the animal and Officer George was sent to investigate. Mr. Reaves asked him to kill the animal, as there was no hope for its recovery.

ELDER HENRY CUNNINGHAM

Recommends

Vinol

For Weak, Run-Down People.

"I was run down and weak from indigestion and general debility, also suffered from vertigo. I saw a cod liver preparation called Vinol advertised and decided to give it a trial, and the results were most gratifying. After taking two bottles I regained my strength, and am now feeling unusually well." — HENRY CUNNINGHAM, Elder Baptist Church, Kinston, N.C.

Vinol contains the two most world-famed tonics—the medicinal, strengthening, body-building elements of Cod Liver Oil and Tonic Iron. Vinol contains no oil, and is by far the Best Strengthening Tonic obtainable. **We return your money without question if Vinol does not accomplish all we claim for it.**

Robert R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington.

Just Say

"FIVE"
"ONE"

To Central

Quick as a flash the phone will be answered, and if you'll give your address, a messenger from the Western Union Telegraph Co. will be sent for your BUSINESS LOCAL. Pay him

Twenty-Five Cents

For each twenty-five words or less for each time you wish the ad to run, and one cent for each word in addition to twenty-five. We find the finders of values and the losers too. We find servants for homes, clerks and managers for offices and offices for clerks and managers; tenants for rooms and houses and rooms and houses for tenants; a purchaser for that piece of real estate and real estate for that purchaser.

Just Ring

"FIVE"
"ONE"

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Brief Mention, News of Societies, Meetings, etc

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Leitgen, of Lynchburg, Va., are in the city visiting Mrs. Harriet P. French.

* * *

Miss Nannie Darden left yesterday morning for Mount Olive, where she will visit friends and relatives for two weeks.

* * *

On account of the attraction at the Academy of Music, the dancing classes of Mr. Fred W. Dock will meet on Thursday instead of Friday night, for this week only.

* * *

A called meeting of the North Carolina Sorosis will be held this afternoon at 5 o'clock. A full attendance is desired. The meeting will be held immediately after that of the Literary department.

* * *

Mr. Russell Sage Brooks, of Birmingham, Ala., and Dresden, Germany, and Mr. H. G. McFarland, are visiting the city and are guests at the home of Miss Bettie McFarland, No 316 North Front street.

* * *

Mrs. J. O. Wiggs and daughter, Mrs. L. C. LeGwin, spent Tuesday in Magnolia to attend the fuenral of their uncle, Mr. J. Wells Taylor, whose death was chronicled in yesterday's paper. Mrs. Wiggs will remain a few days with her aunt.

* * *

At a recent meeting of the governing board of L'Agile Cotillon Club, it was decided to have the January german of the club on Wednesday evening, the 18th. It is understood that there is also a strong probability that L'Agile Club will have an aditional dance early in February just prior to the commencement of the Lenten season.

* * *

Yesterday's Raleigh News and Observer says: "Bishop and Mrs. Joseph Blount Cheshire charmingly entertained at dinner on yesterday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Albert L. Cox. Mrs. Cox was formerly Mrs. Arabella Nash, of Tarboro, N. C. The others present were Miss Sarah Cheshire, Miss Hal Morson, Miss Annie Root, Miss Gertrude Winston and Messrs. Francis Cox, C. A. Shore, Joseph Cheshire and W. W. Vass."

* * *

The Florence, S. C., Times of Tuesday afternoon says: "Mr. and Mrs. W. Englebert Victor passed through the city last night en route to Wilmington. Mrs. Victor was Miss Hattie C. French, a granddaughter of the late Mr. Wm. A. French, and a daughter of Mr. John T. French, of this city. They are returning from a wedding trip to Florida stopping to visit the old home of the bride in Wilmington on their way to Lynchburg, Va., where they will make their future home. Mr. Victor belongs to one of the first families of Lynchburg, and is connected with one of its largest business houses."

* * *

INTERESTING MEETING OF COLONIAL DAMES.

The North Carolina Society of Colonial Dames of America met at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the home of the president, Mrs. James Sprunt, on South Front street. There was a large attendance and several matters of interest were considered. The Society gives every year two prizes to students of the University of North Carolina, writing the best essay on colonial historical research in North Carolina. The first prize essay, "The First Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in North Carolina," written by Mr. Oliver, was read at the November meeting by Mrs. A. M. Waddell. At the meeting yesterday Mrs. Waddell read the second prize essay, "Life of John Harvey," written by Mr. Winslow. The first prize is $50 and the second is $25. Both essays were well prepared and showed much study and research on the part of the young gentlemen. The board of managers of the society met at 3:15 o'clock and transacted the business of the month.

* * *

MRS. MOFFITT, OF RALEIGH, TO REMOVE TO VIRGINIA.

The entire State regrets the departure of Mrs. E. E. Moffitt for Richmond, where her son, Mr. Herbert Jackson, recently removed to become president of the Virginia Trust Co. Mrs. Moffitt has often visited Wilmington and is highly esteemed here. Writing of Mrs. Moffitt in connection with her departure, a friend very properly pays this tribute:

"Mrs. Moffitt is a daughter of Governor Jonathan Worth, one of the ablest and most distinguished Governors North Carolina ever had. She is a first cousin of Mrs. Col. McAllister, of Asheboro, mother of Mrs. J. E. Carson, of Charlotte. Mrs. Moffitt is one of the foremost women of North Carolina. She is a strong thinker and a gifted writer. The State is due her much for historical research. As one of the editors of the North Carolina Booklet, she has wrought a monument for herself that will live with the history she has reclaimed and perpetuated. Mrs. Moffitt has been a zealous advocate of the State constructing a fire-proof building, as a Hall of History, in which to deposit and preserve the State Library with its 40,000 volumes, 1,848 copies of bound newspapers running back more than a hundred years, and other valuable records continually in danger of destruction by fire. Through Mrs. Moffitt's influence and work the Legislature was memorialized on the subject, but nothing was done as the lawmakers were divided on the question of a hall of history or enlargement of the Capitol. "Change of residence, the adoption of Virginia for North Carolina, will not lessen Mrs. Moffitt's interest in, and work for, the historical good of her native State. Her pen will speak for her during her absence."

* * *

IMPORTANT MEETING OF RED CROSS SOCIETY.

The Wilmington sub-division of the Red Cross Society held a largely attended and enthusiastic meeting in the parlors of the Colonial Inn at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. Mrs. Allan Nichols, the president, presiding. Thirty-five members were enrolled at the meeting. The society is engaged in a most noble work and every woman of Wilmington should have her name enrolled as a member, which is desired by those already numbered among the members. The treasurer reported $467 from sale of Red Cross Christmas stamps with other committees to be heard from and also made the gratifying statement that the society would be able to continue with the work begun along the same lines.

Dr. Joseph Akerman, city superintendent of health, spoke most enthusiastically of the work of the Society, referring to the great assistance it gives to the Board of Health. He said the Society has premises fumigated in many cases where the sick are removing from the city and consequently not reported to the health department. He spoke of the great help of the Society's colored nurse who is able to care for the sick in their homes and in that way keeping the patients from the hospital where they would be a menace to the health of the other patients. He also spoke in high praise of the work of the Society along the line of education and said it had already borne fruit in many instances.

It was moved that the society begin a fund with the $100 on hand from last year's stamps toward providing a ward or pavilion for tuberculosis cases when in case those having no homes they could be cared for without being obliged to go to a regular ward at the hospital or to the county home. Donations are asked for for this object. The citizens generally are asked to enroll as members of the society at a cost of $1 per year, the money to be used for this as well as general Red Cross work.

On motion a public vote of thanks was to be given to Dr. Nicstlie for his great and constant help in the work and the appreciation of the society extended to him through a letter from the president. The society also voted to extend its thanks to The Star and The Dispatch for their assistance and interest in keeping the sale of stamps and aims of the society before the public. The clergymen of all the churches are appointing committees in their churches to obtain members for the society in order that all Wilmington may help push along the work.

Over 1,000 Christmas stamps were sold to the colored people of Wilmington. The following is a list of the stamps sold: 2,000, Murchison National Bank, 1,000, Alex. Sprunt & Sons, American National Bank, Wilmington Grocery Co.; 500 or over, Rheinstein, Navasa Guano Co., John Van B. Metts, Platt & Haar, R. C. DeRossett, People's Supply Co., Hall & Pearsall, Corbett Co., C. W. Yates & Co., Morris Bear & Co., Cooper Grocery Co., C. W. Polvogt, A. D. Brown, Blair & Healy, L. Vollers, Allen Taylor, Boney & Harper, Neistlie Drug Co., Southern National Bank, Zoeller & Co.; 30, Peterson & Rulf, Clyde Line Co., Stevenson & Co., D. L. Gore, Ahrens Bros., Will Rehder, McEachern & Co., J. H. Rehder; 200, Hyman Supply Co., Hardin, J. W. Murchison, Bissinger, W. M. Cumming, Whitehead & Son, Mission Pharmacy, J. G. Wright & Son, Cape Fear Iron Works, Pearsall & Co., Worth & Co., Honnett & Son, M. L. Starkey, J. M. Solkey & Co., Martin Willard, Clayton Giles & Son, J. W. Brooks, Walker Taylor, J. F. Woolvin, Globe Cafe, Jarman Drug Co., Orrell & Co., Tidewater Power Co., Wilmington Savings & Trust Co., People's Savings Bank, Jacobi Hardware, Solomon Shoe store; 100, Wilmington Steam Laundry, Wilmington Stamp Works, The Auto Co., Ricaud & Empie, H. E. Longley, Green's Drug Store, Bellamy Drug Store, Hancock & Boylan, E. Warren & Son, Hewlett & Price, Fore & Co., E. N. Penny, Wm. Brock, Kress Co., Einstein Bros., Kellum & Loughlin, Brooks & Taylor, H. B. Thorpe, Baxter & Co., James Reilly, Hicks Co., Ed. Holmes Grocery Co., Smith & Lord, George Huggins, A. David, Roger Moore, Fleet Co., Hopkins & Davis, Munroe Co., Consumers' Ice Co., Holmes Grocery Co., Chestnut & Bartentine, Brunjes, Taylor's Bazaar, L. B. Lessie, Cape Fear Lumber Co., Miss Lucy Moore, Jackson & Bell, Palace Market, Delgado Mills, R. E. Daniels, J. E. Taylor, Brown Bros. Many stamps were purchased by others in quantities of less than 100.

THIRTY-TWO DAYS AT SEA.

Danish Steamer Secalia Arrives From Hamburg With Cargo.

After encountering severe weather on almost her entire passage across, the Danish steamer Secalia, Capt. Jensen, arirved in port yesterday from Hamburg, requiring 32 days to make the voyage to this port.

Capt. Jensen in discussing the voyage yesterday stated that his vessel was storm-tossed day after day on the trip, but unlike the Mariner and Phoenix he managed to come the entire distance without having to stop in any port for fuel. The Secalia left Hamburg on the 10th of December and she brings cargo of fertilizer constituents for the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company. The vessel like the two others, which arrived during the past few days comes direct from the German mines over which there has been so much discussion of late and caused the shipments of the kainit this year to be delayed.

The United States government has notified Germany if the present proposed law is adopted, which will place the mines under direct control of the government, it will be discriminatory to American interests and a higher duty will be imposed upon German imports.

Cherokee Tribe Installs Officers.

At the regular kindling of the council fires of Cherokee Tribe No. 9, I. O. R. M., on Tuesday night, the following chiefs were raised to their respective stumps for the ensuing year: Sachem W. P. Smith, Senior Sagamore Geo. Grotgen, Junior Sagamore Roland Potter, Prohpet William Sheehan, Chief of Records W. H. Lane, Keeper of Wampum J. C. Walton, Guard of Wigwam A. T. Parker, Sannaps R. F. Hobbs, W. J. Jordan, Warriors Robert Jones, M. Marshburn, Van Woodcock, Frank LaFella, Braves L. T. Jordan, L. L. Shepard, E. P. Cunningham, J. J. Sheehan, Guard of Wigwum C. L. Skipper, Gaurd of Forest W. D. Johnson,

LOCAL DOTS.

—By deed filed for record yesterday John Evans and John Evans, Jr., transfer to Satira Martin, for $100, lot on southwest corner of MacRae and Taylor streets, 60x75 feet in size.

—The Recorder had only one case to claim his attention yesterday morning. A white man, charged with drunkenness, was the lone defendant. He was required to pay a fine of $5 and costs.

—Mr. Jacob Bornemann was arrested yesterday noon by Patrolman J. R. Minshue on a warrant from the Recorder charging him with assault and battery on LeRoy Vereen, little son of Mr. J. C. Vereen, on the 5th of January. The defendant was recognized for appearance at trial this morning.

—The alarm of fire from box 126 at 7:15 o'clock yesterday evening was on account of the explosion of a lamp at the residence of Mrs. Kate D. Nelms, 312 Harnett street. The damage was about $50, covered by insurance with the agency of Col. Walker Taylor.

—Assistant Chief of the Fire Department W. P. Monroe was confined to his home yesterday as the result of running a nail into his foot while about his duties at the central fire station Tuesday afternoon. Friends will be glad to know that he will be able to be out again in a day or two.

—Friends of Mr. J. O. Brown, the former popular alderman from the Fifth ward, will regret to know that he has been confined to his home, 617 South Sixth street, since January 4th, by illness. He was some better yesterday and his friends and patrons will be glad to know that he expects to be out again in a day or two.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. William Gilchrist spent yesterday in Fayetteville on a business trip.

—Mr. W. J. Craig, general traffic manager of the Atlantic Coast Line left last night for a business trip to Philadelphia.

EQUALIZATION OF TAXES

Paramount Issue in Virginia—Message of Governor Swanson.

Richmond, Va., January 12.—The Virginia legislature opened at noon today with the usual Democratic majority in both Houses and perfect party harmony prevailing. Richard Evelyn Byrd, of Winchester, chosen speaker of the House at the Democratic caucus last night, was duly elected, as were other officials named by the caucus. Lieutenant Governor J. Taylor Ellyson, presided over the Senate. The few Republicans have named John C. Noel, of Lee, as their floor leader in the Senate, and C. S. Pendleton, of Scott, as House floor leader.

Mr. Byrd, in accepting the chair, announced a policy of necessary economy and declared the equalizaaon of taxes to increase the State's revenue to the paramount issue in Virginia.

Regulation of State banks and building of good roads are two of the most important recommendations of Governor Swanson in his last annual message to the general assembly, read before that body today.

The many losses, the great distress and the business disturbance occurred in many communities on account of bank failures, caused by reckless banking, fraud and defalcations, loudly proclaim the urgent necessity for legislation providing reasonable regulation for the control of State banks and frequent examinations to see that these regulations are obeyed," says Governor Swanson in his message.

To provide annually a fund of $250,000 for road improvement in Virginia, the governor suggests that one half of the revenue derived from the franchise touching upon the gross earnings of the steam and electric railroads of the State be laid aside. He recommends continuance of the present policy of working convicts and jail prisoners upon the public highways.

Declaring that Virginias agricultural products last year amounted to $209,000,000, Governor Swanson urges the necessity for a complete soil survey of the State to promote its agricultural development. In this connection, he also recommends the establishment of several moveable agricultural schools to teach farmers practical, scientific farming.

Pointing pride to the facts that Virginia has been reducing steadily her bonded indebtedness and that one sixth of the debt has been cancelled, Governor Swanson urges economy in all departments of the State government, but says that the best interests of the State demand that the many progressive policies begun should be continued and further enlarged.

INSURANCE MEN'S TRIAL

Witnesses Tell of Seminole Securities Tangle—State Rests Today.

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 23.—The second day of the trial of John Y. Garlington and James Stobo Young, charged with conspiracy, saw many witnesses examined and the State is expected to rest its case tomorrow morning.

W. A. Clark, president of the Carolina National Bank, and one of the trustees of both the Carolina Agency Company, and the Seminole Securities Company, continued his testimony of yesterday. The testimony given today was principally an elaboration of that of yesterday.

Dr. J. W. Teague, M. G. Jeans and W. H. Gilkerson, of Laurens, who were directors of the Seminole Securities Company made interesting statements as to their holdings in the company, two saying they had no stock, while one testified that he had never paid for any stock.

TAR HEEL FOUND DEAD

Body Supposed to be That of V. E. Reinhardt, of Lincolnton.

Philadelphia, Jan. 12.—The body of a man supposed to be that of V. E. Reinhardt, of Lincolnton, N. C., was found today in a morning rooming house in this city. It was lying on a bed fully dressed and in the clothing besides a number of letters were six cents. The police say that the man died from natural causes.

Nursing Motners and Malaria.
The Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC drives out malaria and builds up the system. For grown people and children, 50c.

MANIAC KILLS SCHOOL BOY.

Drew Automatic Pistol and Fired Into Crowd—Search For Murderer.

New York, Jan. 12.—A black-bearded maniac in a black slouch hat drew an automatic pistol this afternoon and fired five shots into a crowd of Harlem school boys who had been taunting him. Robert Lomas, six-year old, was shot through the heart and died instantly. Arthur Shivley, also six years old, was shot through the left lung and was critically wounded.

The man whom none of the frightened youngsters can describe accurately shambled off into the bushes and rocks surrounding the boys play grounds and was soon lost to sight. One hundred and fifty policemen and a posse of citizens are hunting for him.

Half a hundred children just freed from school were coasting in the woods while a group of grown-ups stood watching the sport. Among them was the man with the black beard. He drew away from the crowd and edged up the side of the hill. Just then down came little Arthur Shivley on his sled. His sled halted and as he stood up the man whipped out his pistol and fired.

The boy shrieked and fell. In the subsequent excitement everybody apparently thought of the boy and nobody of the man in black for he ran off northwards unpursued.

It was some moments before a policeman arrived.

"He's up there," gasped a small boy, "and he's shot another boy."

On the edge of the woods they found Robert Lomas dead.

SUPT. VINING IS GUILTY.

Had Charge of Atlanta Stockade—Cruelly Treated Convicts.

Atlanta, Jan. 12.—D. M. Vining recently suspended as superintendent of the Atlanta stockade and Pet Cornet, a guard at the stockade, were found guilty in the Superior court here today on charges of assault and battery growing out of the alleged brutal beating of Floyd Green, a negro convict. Sentence was deferred until tomorrow.

The indictment against Capt. Vining and his whipping boss followed an investigation of the city prison by a special committee of the Fulton county grand jury, which created a sensation by declaring, in a lengthy report to the court, that the filthy condition and cruelty practiced at the stockade were a disgrace to the civilized community. In that report it was stated that the prison reeked with filth and vermin; that the food was not wholesome; that the clothing of the prisoners, and the bedding was filthy, and that men and women inmates of the prison were cruelly beaten. White women for trivial breaches of the prison rules, the report stated, were fastened to the wall with iron hand-rings, their feet barely touching the floor and left in that position until the fainted.

In the case of the negro Green, it was testified that he was placed in the "bucking machine" and given 27 blows with a heavy leather strap, the blood from the cuts on his body running down his legs and leaving his body a mass of sores. Mayor Maddox and members of the grand jury testified to seeing the sores on the negro's body, some of which were three to four inches in length and an inch in width. This punishment was administered because the negro had cursed and threatened another convict. Green testified that he was unable to work the following day and for this he was strung up to the wall for more than two hours. Vining and Cornett introduced evidence tending to show that the negro was given but eight licks, "moderate punishment", and that Green had not a good reputation.

Captain Vining is 73 years of age and has served as superintendent of the stockade for 15 years.

KEY WEST FULL OF IDLERS.

Caused by Discontinuance of Work on East Coast Railway.

Tampa, Fla., Jan. 12.—A special to The Tribune from Key West states that with the discontinuance of work on more than 50 per cent. of the extension of the East Coast Railway from Miami to Key West, that the city is overrun with idle workmen, most of them ignorant foreigners and that some of them are practically penniless and without food. The mayor of Key West has arranged to furnish one meal a day for those in need and a general plan of establishing soup houses in the city has been inaugurated to care for the hugry ones until transportation can be arranged for them.

The curtailment of the work followed almost immediately a visit of Mr. Flagler and other railroad officials to the extension work just after a statement had been made that the work would be rushed to completion as rapidly as possible.

VALENTINES ALL BURNED.

Big Plant of Geo. C. Whitney Company Destroyed by Fire.

Worcester, Mass., Jan. 12.—Fire in the plant of the George C. Whitney Company which is the largest valentine factory in the United States tonight did damage estimated at $200,000.

The most complete destruction of the plant means an almost valentineless St. Valentine's day for the country. Except for the contents of several freight cars which were pulled away from the flames the company's great stock of valentines was entirely destroyed.

In reading store ads most people are looking for definite information about some particular article—hence merchants should quote prices always.

EXPOSURE

breeds colds, pains in the lungs, then pneumonia. Gowan's Preparation gives quick relief by destroying inflammation and congestion. Acts like magic for croup and coughs. External and penetrating. Buy today and feel secure. All druggists, $1.00, 50c, 25c.

The Best Shoe Ever Sold for $3.50 is Made Right Here in the South

The South has the reputation of doing well everything it undertakes. It has become famous for producing the "best" of many things. Now it has the right to claim that it makes the best $3.50 - $4.00 shoe in the whole world.

When it is remembered that New England is the original home of fine shoes and that the middle Western States are next oldest as shoe centres, this Southern achievement grows large in importance.

The honor of this enterprise belongs to Lynchburg, Va. Natural advantages of location for manufacture and distribution, perfect climatic conditions, as they affect the cost of living and of labor; rents, taxes, insurance and cost of building, all tend to reduce the cost of making. Add to these an intense ambition, the most skilled white labor obtainable, an expert knowledge of shoemaking and of leather, an ideal factory equipment and exceptional shipping facilities, and you will know why the Craddock Shoe can be better built of better materials than any other shoe sold at the price.

This is not a boast—it is a summary of facts that bear fruit in the most perfect shoe ever produced for the money.

Other makers may make as good shoes—but they cost more—and sell for more.

Other makers may offer a shoe at the same figure, but, torn to pieces and compared, detail for detail, part for part, there is only one possible conclusion—the Craddock Shoe at $3.50 and $4.00 gives more actual style, durability and comfort, in better leather and better making, than any other shoe in the world sold for the same money.

Craddock-Terry Co.
Lynchburg, Va.

YOU WILL FIND THEM AT

The Wilmington Shoe Co.
523 N. FOURTH STREET.

BRINGING HEIRESS BACK.

Miss DeJanon and Cohen Will Reach Philadelphia Today.

Chicago, Jan. 12.—Roberta deJanon, the Philadelphia heiress, and Frederic Cohen, a waiter, with whom she eloped on December 29th, left for Philadelphia today with officers, where they are due at 5:47 o'clock tomorrow.

The detectives observed the greatest secrecy in getting the elopers out of the city. They were taken to the station in a closed carriage with the curtains drawn, smuggled into the baggage room and taken to the train shed in a freight elevator. They were hurried aboard the train and the curtains of the drawing room were drawn.

Cohen's picture and manuscripts by the Bertillon system were taken before they left Chicago.

Cohen was taken to the police station during the day and met Miss de Janon for the first time since he was arrested. Cohen pinched her cheek and said: "I see by the papers that you appear to think more of your dog than you do of me."

"Why ,that is untrue," replied Miss deJanon. "You know I don't."

"I suppose they will give me about five years," said Cohen, "but I don't care. I had the pleasure of making you happy for a while anyway. When you get back home don't tell anything but the truth; that is, all I can do. I guess everything will come out all right. I treated you like my own daughter."

BIG FIRE AT GRAND RAPIDS.

Damage to Buildings and Firms is $375,000.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Jan. 12.—Fire originated in Young & Chaffee's furniture shipping room in the Shepard building early tonight caused a total loss approximating $375,000 to buildings and firms. It quickly spread to the furniture exchange, one of the five big furniture exposition buildings, and the latter was completely destroyed. The building was occupied by 34 sample lines of furniture with losses running from $500 to $20,000 and a total of over $100,000, few of them insured.

The heaviest loser among the outside lines was C. H. Medicus & Son, who occupied the entire top floor of the building with high grade parlor goods and they estimate their loss at over $20,000.

Young and Chaffee's shipping department was entirely destroyed and the fire also ate into the stock on seven floors, entailing a loss of $50,000.

The Daily News was completely drowned out by water and the loss on the plant will aggregate $20,000. The origin of the fire is said to have been defective wiring. At midnight the fire was not fully under control.

PLEA OF COMMISSION MEN.

Want Quicker Transportation and Uniform Bill of Lading.

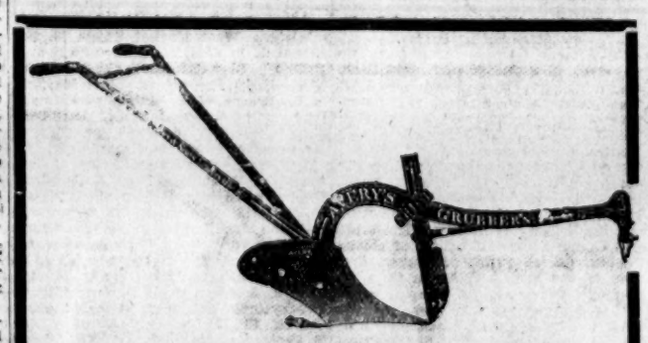
Norfolk, Va., Jan. 12.—The National League of Commission Merchants in 18th annual session here today received the annual report of its president, Adelbert Gail, of Buffalo, N. Y., in which numerous reforms looking to quick transportation for produce handled by commission men was advocated with a uniform bill of lading.

J. J. Castellini, of Cincinnati, addressed the convention, urging closer relations between the commission men as an organization and with the producers.

Frank E. Wagner, of Chicago, read a report urging the continuation of the advisory board feature adopted in Peoria, Ill., last year and this carried.

PETERSON & RULFS
203 North Front St. Wilmington, N. C.

ja 9 tf



Plow Deep

Go down deep with AVERY'S Subsoil or New Ground PLOWS and get better results from your work. All kinds of new ground and grub plows.

Syracuse one and two-horse plows and repairs.

N. Jacobi Hardware Co.

ja 11 tf

Advertising Brings Prosperity.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

¶ The Latest Reports From the Important Trading Centers and From Local Dealers.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 12.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady 58 1-2 cents.

ROSIN—Market, steady $3.85 per barrel.

TAR—Market, firm $2.00 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm, $2.50 per barrel for hard; $4.00 for dip and $4.00 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 37, rosin $2.65, tar $1.70, crude turpentine $1.75 and $2.75.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	14
Rosin	679
Tar	132
Crude turpentine	33

Receipts, same day last year (—) casks spirits turpentine; 294 barrels rosin; 107 barrels tar; 96 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Nothing doing. Quotations corresponding day last year 8 9-16c.

Receipts—250 bales, same day last year 1,385 bales.

PRODUCE MARKET.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith Jan. 8.)

PEANUTS—North Carolina prime 65@70; extra prime, 72 1-2; fancy 75@80c; Virginia, prime 65@70; extra prime 75@80s; Spanish $1.00@$1.05.

CORN—Firm 90@95c per bushel for mixed.

N. C. HAMS—Good demand; old hams 18c; shoulders 14@15; sides 14@15c.

EGGS—Dull 27c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Spring 20@30; grown 35@40c; scarce.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 4 1-2c per pound.

BEEF CATTLE—Good demand at 2@3 1-2c per pound on foot.

HIDE—Dr. flint 15c; green 8c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Good demand 55@60c per bushel for yams.

WOOL—Burr 18c.; free of burr 24c.

CHEESE—50@35 per head.

PORK—Small corn fed 10c; large 8 to 9 cents, owing to quality.

SHEEP—Old no demand; Lambs, dull $1.25@$2.50.

TURKEYS—Good demand 15@16c on foot; dressed 18@22c.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Jan. 12.—The cotton market was even more excited and prices suffered even a greater break today than on the previous sensational declines, with the active months selling through the 15c level under liquidation by panic-stricken longs from all over the country. The close was several points up from the lowest but barely steady at a net decline of 14 to 54 points. The market opened weak at a decline of 10 to 32 points in response to an unexpectedly weak set of cables which private advices attributed to American liquidation. The same people were selling in Liverpool seemed to be selling here and right after the opening March touched 15.04 and May 15.29; or 26 to 30 points net lower. A show of support by leading New Orleans bulls helped a rally of about 20 points from this level but even so small a bulge brought out increased offerings for long account, the last vestige of bull support was withdrawn, and before the decline culminated March contracts had sold at 14.60 and May and July at 14.78 or 70 to 72 net lower. At this level the market seemed to be relieved of the worst of the forced liquidation and prices had a rally of about 25 points on covering by the local bear clique and a little fresh buying ensuere buying and of relatively firm southern spot market but the demand was not sufficient to fully maintain the improvement and a renewal of liquidation just before the close indicated that sentiment was still very nervous and unsettled with remaining longs apprehending weakness in the south or a renewal of heavy selling and a still great demand for Marchs. Southern spot markets officially reported were nominal in most cases, several of them reached unchanged prices while the greatest loss reached did not exceed half a cent. The gossip in the street is that one bull clique after another has liquidated its holding since the break started during the middle of last week and that the decline has been accelerated by the operations of a strong bear clique. At the low point of today the market showed a loss of fully 8 dollars a bale from the recent high records.

Receipts 23,336 bales at the ports against 30,171 last week and 40,885 last year. For the week 150,000 bales against 167,853 last week and 252,751 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans 12,485 bales against 15,734 last year, and at Houston 6,000 bales against 5,926 last year.

Spot cotton closed quiet 30 points lower. Middling uplands 15.00; middling gulf 15.25. No sales.

Futures opened weak and closed barely steady.

Month.	Open.	Close.
January	15.07	14.70
February	———	14.76
March	15.18	14.83
April	———	14.86
May	15.21	14.98
June	15.20	14.90
July	15.23	14.96
August	14.88	14.67
September	12.80	13.75
October	13.15	13.08
December	12.90	12.80

PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Dull, 15 1-4; net receipts 7,683; stock 173,186.

New Orleans—Steady, 15 1-4; net receipts 12,483; stock 206,549.

Mobile—Nominal, 15; net receipts 678; stock 43,346.

Savannah—Nominal, 15 3-8; net receipts 1,849; stock 113,271.

Charleston—Nominal, 15 1-4; net receipts 33; stock 33,338.

Wilmington—Nominal; net receipts 250; stock 12,137.

Norfolk—Quiet, 15; net receipts 109; stock 36,210.

Baltimore—Nominal, 15 3-8; stock 11,344.

New York—Quiet, 15; stock 167,062.

Boston—Quiet, 15; net receipts 25.

Philadelphia—Steady, 15 1-4; stock 3,841.

Total today, at all ports, net receipts 23,336; Great Britain 1,545; stock 885,058.

Consolidated, at all ports, net receipts 112,044; Great Britain 44,484; Continent 17,816; Japan 1,927.

Total since September 1st, at all ports, net receipts 5,350,988; Great Britain 1,476,795; France 719,228; Continent 1,636,387; Japan 29,321; Mexico 11,819.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Quiet, 15 1-4; net receipts 6,000; stock 121,895.

Augusta—Nominal, 15 3-4; net receipts 326; stock 67,228.

Memphis—Nominal, 15 3-8; net receipts 1,017; stock 202,424.

St. Louis—Quiet, 15 3-8; net receipts 279; stock 43,678.

Cincinnati—Net receipts 222; stock 12,273.

Little Rock—Quiet, 15 1-8; net receipts 224; stock 59,914.

Louisville—Firm, 15 1-2.

Total today—Net receipts 8,158; gross receipts 12,078; shipments 16,180; sales 801; stock 507,412.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Jan. 12.—Cotton: Spot in better demand, prices 4 points higher. American middling fair 8.42; good middling 8.16; middling 8.02; low middling 7.92; good ordinary 7.66; ordinary 7.41.

The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 5,000 were for speculation and export included 9,250 American. Receipts 50,000 bales including 48,200 American.

Futures opened quiet and steady and closed with near months weak and distant options steady. January 7.71 1-2; January and February 7.71 1-2; February and March 7.73; March and April 7.75 1-2; April and May 7.79; May and June 7.79 1-2; June and July 7.79; July and August 7.77 1-2; Augusta and September 7.32; September and October 7.11; October and November 6.94; November and December 6.84; December and January 6.82 1-2; January and February 6.82.

DICK BROS. & CO. COTTON LETTER.

New York, Jan. 12.—Cotton has had another demoralized break with panic conditions prevailing after prices crashed through the 15 cent level. There was a sharp break, carrying May to 14.79 and July to 14.78 and all sorts of rumors were afloat as to those who were doing the selling. It appeared to come from every section of the country, and big lines which had not been disturbed in weeks and months were thrown overboard without regard to value. There were rumors that the largest bull interest was selling out, but almost any story could be had for the asking. At any rate Mr. Scales denies that he sold today, and there is ample basis for the statement that he at least bought some cotton. It evidently was wholesale liquidation from other quarters that caused the break. Several times strong interests identified with the cotton trade stepped in and bought cotton, only to be swamped by a fresh wave of selling. Actual cotton conditions were totally obscured in the general panic that prevailed. The news from Southern spot markets showed generally firm conditions with no sales except hedge cotton. There does not appear to be any distress cotton for sale. Experienced cotton men now traveling throughout the South state that the situation is the strongest in their experience. With such drastic liquidation we believe speculative sentiment has received a severe shock, but this should not obscure the fact that the actual cotton situation has undergone practically no change.

DICK BROS. & CO.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Jan. 12.—The dry goods markets hold fairly firm with more business reported and more buyers in town. Printcloths have been bought in fair volume for delivery as late as July 1 at 14 cents. Underwear and hosiery held firm with buying moderate. Yarns are easier and light trading is reported.

THE STOCK MARKET.

New York, Jan. 12.—The manner in which the stock market flattened out today when relieved from selling pressure was hardly less discouraging to speculative sentiment than the active declines of the two earlier days of the present week.

During the noon hour the sales of stocks were less than 40,000 shares, and it was during that period of practical stagnation that prices rested at about the top level of the day. At the same time reports from the loan crowd on the floors of the stock exchange were of a more active demand for stocks for delivery than has been witnessed for many weeks. The evidence of the substantial growth of the short interest coupled with its tranquility in face of the check to the downward course of prices was regarded as ominous. The lack of resiliency in the market encouraged the renewal of operations for the decline which became precipitate.

News from Washington also serves as a reminder of factors at work which are regarded as unfavorable to the cause of speculation. The advances made by the Union Pacific authorities to the law officers of the government for a possible compromise of the suits under anti-trust law convey an impression of apprehension of the outcome of those suits. The taking up for consultation the measures proposed for preventing dealings in futures in the commodities markets showed the persistence of the forces at work in directions which are not relished by those most active in speculative movements.

There was the same spirit of apprehension regarding the outcome of the meeting of the board of governors to be held after the stock market closed, to act on the report of the committee which investigated the Rock Island episode.

The midday rally in the market seemed to be accepted as a test of the speculative position. When it was seen that buying was practically suspended at the higher level, of prices selling was renewed with great aggressiveness and the whole list yielded weakly and closed at about the lowest prices of the day.

Bonds were irregular. Total sales, par value, were $3,293,000. United States 2s declined 1-8 per cent. on call. Total sales of stocks today were 956,100 shares.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, Jan. 12.—Money on call firm 3 to 5 per cent.; ruling rate 4 7-8, closing bid 3 1-4; offered at 4. Time loans easier; sixty days and ninety days and six months 4 1-2 to 4 5-4. Close: Prime mercantile paper 4 1-2 to 5 per cent. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers bills at 4.8375 to .80 for sixty day bills and at 4.8780 for demand. Commercial bills 4.83 1-8 to 5-8. Bar silver 52 3-8. Mexican dollars 44.

U. S. BONDS.

U. S. ref. 2s, registered	100 3-4
U. S. ref. 2s coupon	100 3-4
U. S. 3s, registered	101 3-4
U. S. 3s coupon	101 3-4
U. S. 4s, registered	114 1-2
U. S. 4s, coupon	115 1-2
Ailis Chalmers 1st 5s	84 1-4
American Agricultural 5s	102 1-8
American Tel. & Tel. cv 4s	104
American Tobacco 4s	77 1-2
American Tobacco 6s	106 3-4
Armour & Co. 4 1-2s	94
Atchison gen. 4s	101
Atchison cv. 4s	120 1-4
Atchison cv 5s	120
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s	95
Baltimore & Ohio 4s	99
Baltimore & Ohio 3 1-2s	92
Baltimore & Ohio S. W. 3 1-2s	90 1-8
Brooklyn Transit cv 4s	86 1-4
Central of Georgia 5s	108 1-2
Central Leather 5s	99 1-4
Central R. R. of N. J. gen. 5s	124 1-2
Chesapeake & Ohio 4 1-2s	103
Chesapeake & Ohio ref. 5s	105 1-2
Chicago & Alton 3 1-2s	75
Chicago, R. & Q. joint 4s	97
Chicago, B. & Q. gen. 4s	99 7-8
Chicago, Mil. & St. P. gen. 3 1-2s	89
Chicago, R. I. & P. R. R. col 4s	81 1-4
Chicago, R. I. & P. R. R. col 5s	102 5-8
Cicago, R. I. & P. Ry. rfg. 4s	91 3-8
Colorado Industrial 5s	82 1-4
Colorado Midland 4s	80 7-8
Colo. & Southern ref. & ext. 4 1-2s	98
Delaware & Hudson cv. 4s	101 1-2
Denver & Rio Grande 4s	96
Denver & Rio Grande ref 5s	94 1-4
Distillers 5s	74
Erie prior lien 4s	87
Erie Gen. 4s	76 1-8
Erie cv 4s series "A"	79 1-2
Erie cv 4s series "B"	71 3-4
General Electric cv. 5s	145
Illinois Central 1st ref 4s	99 1-4
Interborough Met 4 1-2s	82 3-4
Inter. Merc. Marine 4 1-2s	70
Japan 4s	88 3-4
Japan 4 1-2s	95 5-8
Kansas City Southern 1st 3s	72 3-4
Lake Shore deb. 4s (1931)	94 3-4
Louisville & Nash. Un. 4s	100 1-4
Missouri, Kan. & Texas 1st 4s	99 3-4
Mo., Kan. & Texas gen. 4 1-2s	90 1-8
Missouri Pacific 4s	81 3-4
National Rys. of Mexico 4 1-2s	94 7-8
New York Central gen. 3 1-2s	92
New York Central deb. 4s	95 3-4
N. Y., N. H. & Hartford cv. 6s	134 3-4
Norfolk & Western 1st con. 4	98
Norfolk & Western cv 4s	101 1-2
Northern Pacific 4s	102 5-8
Northern Pacific 3s	75
Oregon Short Line rfdg 4s	94 1-2
Penn. cv 3 1-2s, (1915)	96 1-8
Penn. Con. 4s	104 5-8
Reading Gen. 4s	99 1-2
St. Louis & San Fran. fg 4s	84 1-2
St. Louis & San Fran. gen 5s	85 1-2
St. Louis S'western con. 4s	70 1-4
St. Louis S'western 1st gold 4s	93 1-4
Seaboard Air Line 4s	86
Southern Pacific col. 4s	92 1-8
Southern Pacific cv 4s	104
Southern P. R. R. 1st ref 4s	94 7-8
Southern Railway 5s	110
Southern Railway gen 4s	80 7-8
Union Pacific 4s	101 1-2
Union Pacific cv 4s	113 1-2
Union Pacific 1st and ref 4s	97 3-8
U. S. Rubber 6s	104
U. S. Steel 2nd 5s	104 5-8
Virginia Car. Chemical 5s	98 1-4
Wabash 1st 5s	111 5-4
Wabash 1st and ext. 4s	75 3-8
Western Md., 4s	84 1-8
Westinghouse Electric cv 5s	92 1-4
Wisconsin Central 4s	94

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Ailis Chalmers pfd	32 1-2
Amalgamated Copper	80 1-8
American Agricultural	47
American Beet Sugar	45 1-4
American Can pfd	79
American Car & Foundry	60 3-8
American Cotton Oil	65 1-2
American Hide & Leather pfd	45 3-4
American Ice Securities	25 1-2
American Linseed	16 3-4
American Locomotive	38 1-8
American Smelting & Refng	97 3-4
Amer. Smelting & Refng 1st	110 1-8
American Sugar Refining	121 3-4
American Tel. & Tel	139 1-4
American Tobacco, pfd	94
American Woolen	33 1-2
Anaconda Mining Co.	51
Atchison	119 3-4
Atchison pfd	103
Atlantic Coast Line	134
Baltimore & Ohio	117
Baltimore & Ohio pfd	93 1-4
Bethleham Steel	32
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	77 5-8
Canadian Pacific	179 5-8
Central Leather	45
Central Leather pfd	108 1-4
Central of New Jersey	312
Chesapeake & Ohio	89
Chicago & Alton	64
Chicago Great Western	34 7-8
Chicago & Northwestern	160 1-4
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	151 1-4
C. C. C. & St. Louis	79 5-8
Colorado Fuel & Iron	45 1-4
Colorado & Southern	59 1-2
Colorado & Southern 1st pfd	81
Colorado & Southern 2nd pfd	80 1-4
Consolidated Gas	154 1-4
Corn Products	72
Delaware & Hudson	179 3-8
Denver & Rio Grande	47 1-2
Denver & Rio Grande pfd	82 1-2
Distillers' Securities	35 5-8
Erie	32 7-8
Erie 1st pfd	50 1-4
Erie 2nd pfd	39 1-2
General Electric	157
Great Northern pfd	130 3-4
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	77 1-2
Illinois Central	145 7-8
Interborough Met	24 1-4
Interborough Met pfd	60 5-8
Inter Harvester	122 1-4
Inter Marine pfd	22 1-2
International Paper	14 5-8
International Pump	53
Iowa Central	27 1-2
Kansas City Southern	41 1-2
Kansas City Southern pfd	69 3-4
Louisville & Nashville	155 1-4
Minneapolis & St. Louis	50
Minn., St. P. & Sault St. M.	137 1-4
Missouri Pacific	69 1-8
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	47 3-4
Missouri, Kansas & Texas pfd	73 1-2
National Biscuit	113
National Lead	86 3-4
Nat'l Rys. of Mexico 1st pfd	91
New York central	121 1-4
New York, Ontario & Western	47 3-4
Norfolk & Western	97 5-8
North American	81
Northern Pacific Ex. Div.	138 3-8
Pacific Mail	37
Pennsylvania	134 1-8
People's Gas	113 1-2
Pittsburg, C. C. & St. Louis	98 1-4
Pressed Steel Car	47 1-2
Pullman Palace Car	188
Railway Steel Spring	48 1-2
Reading	165
Republic Steel	42 3-4
Republic Steel pfd	103 1-4
Rock Island Co.	44 1-2
Rock Island Co. pfd	84
St. Louis & San Fran. 2nd pfd	57
St. Louis Southwestern	31 1-2
St. Louis Southwestern pfd	75
Sloss Sheffield Steel & Iron	83
Southern Pacific	133 1-8
Southern Railway	31 5-8
Southern Railway pfd	71 3-4
Tennessee Copper	38
Texas & Pacific	34 3-8
Toledo, St. Louis & West	32 1-4
Toledo, St. Louis & West pfd	70
Union Pacific	196 5-8
Union Pacific pfd	101 3-4
United States Realty	82
United States Rubber	48 1-4
United States Steel	86 1-8
United States Steel pfd	123
Utah Copper	56 1-2
Virginia Car. Chemical	55 1-4
Wabash	22 1-2
Wabash pfd	53
Western Maryland	48
Westinghouse Electric	78
Western Union	75 1-4
Wheeling & Lake Erie	5 1-2
Wisconsin Central	49 7-8

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, Jan. 12.—Flour quiet and about steady.

Rye Flour—Firm.

Buckwheat Flour—Quiet.

Buckwheat—State nominal.

Corn Meal—Firm.

Rye—Firm.

Wheat—Steady; No. 2 red 1.33 elevator domestic and 1.32 fob afloat nominal. Options closed 1-8c net higher. May 1.20 1-4; July 1.11.

Corn—Spot strong; No. 2, 74 3-4 elevator domestic 75 1-4 delivered and 75 1-4 fob afloat nominal. May 78 1-4.

Oats—Spot strong; mixed 51. Options closed 3-8c net higher. May 54 5-8.

Lard—Firm.

Tallow—Dull.

Rice—Quiet.

Molasses—Firm.

Sugar—Raw firm; refined sugar steady.

Coffee—Futures closed steady net unchanged to 5 points higher. Spot coffee steady; Rio No. 7, 8 11-16 to 3-4; Santos No. 4, 9 to 9 1-8; mild coffee quiet; Cordova 9 to 11 1-2.

Butter—Steady, unchanged. Receipts 3,870.

Cheese—Firm, unchanged. Receipts 1,445.

Eggs—Quiet; receipts 5,631; state, Pennsylvania and nearby beunery white fancy 44 to 50.

The cotton seed oil market was weak, selling down 8 to 14 points under liquidation of long oil on the weakness in cotton and influenced by a poor demand for spot oil. Sales for the day amounted to 13,900 barrels, January 7.30 to 7.35; March 7.38 to 7.40; May 7.40 to 7.41; July 7.45 to 7.47. o 7.50; do winter yellow 7.40 to 8.00; do Prime crude 6.37; do summer yellow 7.25 summer white 7.40 to 8.00.

Potatoes—Dull, unchanged.

Cabbages—Firm, unchanged.

Freights and Peanuts—Unchanged.

THE GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, Jan. 12.—Corn made a new crop record today. Oats also advanced here and wheat, after falling off in the forepart of the session, made decided advances and closed above yesterday's figures. Provisions showed strength.

	Opening.	Highest.	Closing.
Wheat—			
May	1 12 1-2	1 13 3-8	1 13 3-8
July	1 02 1-2	1 03 1-4	1 03 1-4
Sept	98 1-4	98 7-8	98 3-4
Corn—			
May	69	69 3-4	69 5-8
July	68 1-2	69 1-4	69 1-4
Sept	68 3-8	69 1-8	69 1-8
Oats—			
May	48 1-8	48 3-4	48 3-4
July	44 3-4	45 3-8	45 1-4
Sept	40 5-8	42 1-4	42 1-4

Mess Pork, per bbl.—

Jan.	22 00	22 07 1-2	22 07 1-2
May	21 92 1-2	22 02 1-2	22 02 1-2
July	21 10	22 22 1-2	22 22 1-2

Lard, per 100 lbs.—

Jan	12 27 1-2	12 75	12 72 1-2
May	12 07 1-2	12 25	12 25
July	12 02 1-2	12 20	12 20

Short Ribs, per 100 lbs.—

Jan.	11 75	11 80	11 80
May	11 52 1-2	11 70	11 67 1-2
July	11 55	11 70	11 70

CHICAGO CASH GRAIN.

Chicago, Jan. 12.—Cash wheat No. 2 red 1.25 to 1.27; No. 3 do 1.22 to 1.26; No. 2 hard 1.14 1-2 to 1.16; No. 3 do 1.10 to 1.15; No. 1 northern 1.15 1-2 to 1.17; No. 2 do 1.14 1-2 to 1.16; No. 3 spring 1.12 to 1.15.

Corn—No. 3 white 66; No. 3 yellow 66; No. 4, 64 to 64 1-2; No. 4 yellow 64 1-2 to 65.

Oats—No. 2, 48 1-4; No. 3 white 48 1-2; No. 4 do 47 3-4 to 48; standard 48 1-2 to 49 1-4.

NAVAL STORES.

New York, Jan. 12.—Rosin and turpentine steady.

Charleston S. C., Jan. 12.—Turpentine firm 50 1-4. Rosin firm. Quote: A, B, C, 4.20; D, 4.20; E, 4.20 to 4.22 1-2; F, 4.22 1-2 to 4.32; G, 4.25 to 4.35; H, 4.35 to 4.50; I, 4.60; K, 5.70; M, 6.10; N, 6.65; WG, 6.80; WW, 6.85.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 12.—Turpentine firm 50 1-2 to 60; sales 324; receipts 1,22 shipments 38. Rosin firm; sales 2,426; receipts 1,856; shipments 511; stock 140,190. Quote: A, B, C, D, 4.20; E, 4.20 to 4.25; F, 4.25 to 4.30; G, 4.30 to 4.35; H, 4.35 to 4.40; I, 4.60; K, 5.70; M, 6.10; N, 6.65; WG, 6.85; WW, 7.05.

MARINE

ARRIVED.

Dan. str. Secalia, 1,083 tons, Jensen, Hamburg, Heide & Co.

CLEARED.

Str. C. W. Lyon, Edge, Fayetteville, C. P. Love.

BY RIVER AND RAIL

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 12, 1910.

C. C. Railroad—65 bales cotton, 31 barrels rosin.

W. & W. Railroad—4 bales cotton.

W. C. & A. Railroad—116 bales cotton, 60 barrels tar.

A. & Y. Railroad—17 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 375 barrels rosin, 22 barrels tar.

Str. Whitlock—35 barrels tar.

Str. Lyon—3 casks spirits turpentine, 175 barrels rosin, 16 barrels tar.

Schr. Addie May—11 bales cotton, 9 casks spirits turpentine, 63 barrels rosin, 34 barrels tar.

Schr. Missouri—5 bales cotton, 33 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—250 bales cotton, 14 casks spirits turpentine, 679 barrels rosin, 132 barrels tar, 33 barrels crude turpentine.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, N. C.

Steamers.

Mariner (Br.) 1,525 tons, Morrison, Heide &Co.

Phoenix, (Gr.) 1,083 tons, Schultz, Heide & Co.

Secalia (Dan.) 1,083 tons, Jensen, Heide & Co.

Schooners.

Calhoun E. Ross, 378 tons, Colhoun, C. D. Mafflitt.

Rothesay (Br.) 280 tons, Phipps, New York, C. D. Mafflitt.

Chas. J. Dumas, 905 tons, Curtis, C. D. Mafflitt.

Julia P. Cole, 419 tons Small, C. D. Mafflitt.

Edward R. Baird, Jr., 238 tons, Bennett, C. D. Mafflitt.

J. HICKS BUNTING'S NEW DEPARTURE.

After two months of remarkable sales, J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., the enterprising druggists, say that their plan of selling at half price the regular 50 cent size of Dr. Howard's specific for the cure of constipation and dyspepsia, and guaranteeing to refund the money if it does not cure, has been the greatest success they have ever known.

They have sold hundreds of bottles of the specific; and as yet have not had one returned, although they stand ready at any time to refund the money should any customer be dissatisfied.

Anyone suffering with dyspepsia, constipation, liver troubles, headaches, dizziness, coated tongue, or the general tired feeling, caused by inactive liver and bowels or disordered digestion, should take advantage of J. Hicks Bunting & Co's. new departure and buy a bottle of Dr. Howard's specific at half price, with their personal guarantee to refund the money if it does not cure.

Plant Wood's Seeds

For Superior Crops

Wood's 30th Annual Seed Book is one of the most useful and complete seed catalogues issued. It gives practical information about the best and most profitable seeds to plant for

The Market Grower
The Private Gardener
The Farmer

Wood's Seeds are grown and selected with special reference to the soils and climate of the South, and every southern planter should have **Wood's Seed Book** so as to be fully posted as to the best seeds for southern growing. Mailed free on request. Write for it.

T. W. WOOD & SONS,
Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

We are headquarters for Grass and Clover Seeds, Seed Potatoes, Seed Oats, Cow Peas, Soja Beans, and all Farm and Garden Seeds.

HOW TO CURE RHEUMATISM.

It is an Internal Disease and Requires an Internal Remedy.

The cause of rheumatism and kindred diseases is an excess of uric acid in the blood. To cure this terrible disease this acid must be expelled and the system so regulated that no more acid will be formed in excessive quantities. Rheumatism is an internal disease and requires an internal remedy. Rubbing with oils and liniments will not cure, affords only temporary relief at best, and allows the malady to get a firmer hold on you. Liniments may ease the pain, but they will no more cure rheumatism than paint will change the fibre of rotten wood.

Science has at last discovered a perfect and complete cure, which is called "Rheumacide." Tested in hundreds of cases, it has effected the most marvelous cures; we believe it will cure you. Rheumacide "gets at the joints from the inside," sweeps the poisons out of the system, tones up the system, regulates the liver and kidneys and makes you feel well all over. Rheumacide "strikes the root of the disease and removes its cause." This splendid remedy is sold by druggists and dealers generally at 50c and $1 a bottle. In Tablet form at 25c and 50c a package. Get a bottle today. Booklet free if you write to Bobbitt Chemical Co, Baltimore, Md.

Seed Oats & Rye

2,000 Bushels Seed Oats.
50 Bushels Seed Rye
1,000 Sacks Rice, (all grades)
1,800 Bbls. Flour.
300 Bbls. Nice Mullets, (100 lbs).
120,000 Lbs. No. 1 Timothy Hay
4,000 Kegs Steel Cut and Wire Nails.
8,000 Sacks Fine Salt
200 Sacks Rock Salt
200 Sacks Ice Cream Salt
300 Bbls. Pkt. Salt
5,000 Cases Canned Goods and Vegetables.

We are in a position to accommodate any customer, large or small. If you are not already a customer, get on the band wagon.

D. L. GORE CO.
Wholesale Grocer and Importer
Wilmington, N. C.

ja 9 tf

NOTICE

United States of America—Eastern District of North Carolina Circuit Court at Wilmington—Fourth Circuit.

The United States of America, Plaintiff, vs. Walter G. MacRae, Mayor of the City of Wilmington, W. L. West, C. F. W. Rehder, Joseph H. Hinton, F. W. Bonitz, S. J. Ellis, L. E. Hall, B. O. Stone, W. E. Yopp, T. B. Willard and J. B. Failes, composing the Board of Aldermen of the City of Wilmington, North Carolina; and all other citizens of Wilmington or elsewhere, who have or claim any right or title, Mrs. Kate Curtis, R. E. Williams, D. O'Connor, and Mary O'Connor, Boney & Harper Milling Company, C. J. Mitchell, and C. S. Ellis, C. S. Ellis Executor of Mrs. Lucretia Russell, Charles F. McMillen, Charles D. Russell, Miss Annie D. Russell, Mrs. Maggie R. Vaughan and S. Russell, heirs at law and devisees of Mrs. Lucretia Russell, deceased: Defendants:

All of the above except the Aldermen of the City of Wilmington owning abutting owner on Gable's Alley, Custom House Alley and Ewing's Alley in the City of Wilmington:

And to all known and unknown heirs or claimants to any interest in the fee simple title in Gable's, Ewing's and Custom House Alleys:

And to all other citizens of Wilmington, North Carolina, or elsewhere, who have or claim any right, title, interest easement or privilege in Gable's, Ewing's and Custom House Alleys, lying between Front and Water Streets and Princess and Market Streets, in the City of Wilmington, North Carolina, Defendants:—

The Defendants, above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Circuit Court of the United States in the Wilmington Division of the Eastern District of North Carolina, for the purpose of condemning for public use as part of a site upon which to construct a United States Custom House, other Government Offices and a Government Warehouse or Appraisers Store Building, in the City of Wilmington, the following described parcels of land to-wit:—

Those certain pieces of land referred to in the plat filed in this cause with the Clerk of the U. S. Court at Wilmington, as Gable's Alley, Custom House Alley and Ewing's Alley, lying West of the blue line indicated on said plat leading into Wright's Alley and Water Street in the City of Wilmington, N. C.

That the said land sought to be condemned in this proceeding are now occupied by the City of Wilmington as public Alleys, in which the other defendants have or claim some interest, right or privilege. A full and particular description of the same is contained in the Petition filed in this cause.

The Said Defendants Will Further Take Notice that they are required to appear before the Circuit Court of the United States at Wilmington, North Carolina, on or before the 8th Day of February 1910, then and there to Answer or Demur to the Petition filed in this cause, or the said United States will then apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said Petition now on file.

This the 6th day of January 1910.

SAM. P. COLLIER, Clerk.
(Seal.) United States Circuit Court.
ja 11 to fe 8.

WHY NOT TRY?
POPHAM'S
ASTHMA REMEDY
Gives prompt and positive relief in every case. Sold by druggists, price $1.00. Trial package by mail 10 cents.
WILLIAMS' M'F'G. CO., Props.
CLEVELAND, O.
Sold by R. R. Bellamy

Hopkins
MOTOR BOAT & YACHT SUPPLIES
Send for Catalogue and Save Money
119 Chambers St., New York.

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME DAILY.
BIJOU
NEVER OUT! NEVER DYED
5 Cents.

What you may have been calling the "good fortune in business affairs" of someone you know may be simply the courage to advertise.

GAYLORD'S
R. & G.
CORSET SALE

Our entire stock of Rand G. Corsets will be sold this week in order to substitute the "World Famous La Reine in its place. You can buy

$1.00 R. and G. Corsets for.....60c
75c R. and G. Corsets for.....50c
60c R. and G. Corsets for.....40c

They have never before been sold at these prices.

Come and have a look at the Bargains in Children's Dresses and Underwear.

Extra quality of "Tudor" Sleeping Garments in Bleaching and Flannelette.....50c
Rompers in plain and striped Ginghams, (first-class goods.....50c
A small lot of Children's Underwear and Union Suits, soiled from handling, will sell as low as, per suit.....19c

Special Price on Finger Marked Lace.

5c Lace.....2c
10c Lace.....3c
15c Lace.....5c

$1.00 Silk Morie and Velvet Hats of $3.00 and $5.00 value will be sold this week at, each.....$1.00

An accumulation of Oil Cloth and Matting Remnants that we wish to get rid of.

Full size Cotton Blanket.....33c
Mennen's Borated Talcum Powder.....10c
Men's extra good Linen Collars, up-to-date styles, each.....5c

GAYLORD'S
BIG DEPARTMENT STORE
210, 212, 214 N. FRONT ST.

ja 9 tf

To Our Friends and Patrons:

We Wish You All a Happy and Prosperous New Year!

J. W. Fleet Co.

Phone 673. So W. Corner Front and Princess Sts.

ja 2 tf

GASOLINE

OUR GASOLINE IS MORE VOLATILE THAN ANY GASOLINE ON THE MARKET, CONTAINING THE MAXIMUM PER CENT. OF POWER PER GALLON; MADE FROM ONE GRADE OF CRUDE, ENSURING UNIFORMITY IN QUALITY.

12c per Gallon in Galvanized Iron Barrels, F. O. B. Wilmington.

For Perfect Lubrication Use THEBEST Auto Oil.

Cape Fear Oil Co.
'PHONE 873.

THE "Atlantic Inn"
Opposite Union Depot.
European Plan.
Most convenient to traveling men. Elegant rooms, good service, personal attention. Our restaurant service satisfies a large number daily. Why not you?
GIESCHEN BROS., Props.

We Are After the Men
who want good looking, durable and stylish Shoes at moderate prices. We'll just put it mildly and say that We've the best $3.50 and $4.00 Shoes this country produces.
In Pat. Kid, Gunmetal and Vici.
$3.50 and $4.00
HEWLETT & PRICE
109 MARKET ST.

Cattle Food

Peanut Cake and Meal. Finest food obtainable for cattle and hogs. Better than corn, corn chops, meal or wheat bran. Manufactured and sold by

Universal Oil and Fertilizer Co
Wilmington, N. C.

de 14 tf

THE WEATHER

U. S. Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 13, 1910.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending 8 P. M. Wednesday Jan. 13th:

Temperature at 8 A. M. 29 degrees; 8 P. M. 45 degrees; maximum 59 degrees; minimum 26 degrees; mean 42 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; for the month, .28 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M. Wednesday 6 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Increasing cloudiness, rain by Thursday night and on Friday. Moderate temperature east to southeast winds.

Port Calendar Jan 13.

Sun Rises.....7:18 A. M.
Sun Sets.....5:24 P. M.
Day's Lenth.....10 hrs. 6 min.
High water at Southport 9:31 P. M.
High water at Wilmington 12:31 A. M

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

F. A. Bissinger—Removal Notice.
Crystal Palace—Talking Pictures.
Academy—"Are You A Suffragette?"
C. H. Fore & Co.—New Spring Goods.

Business Locals.

Wanted—Suite of Rooms.
B. S. W.—Are You Seeking.
Xanthos Brothers—When in Need.
Eclipse Mfg. Co.—Salesmen Wanted.
Z. V. Blount—Shepherd Pups For Sale.
J. G. Wright & Son—Investment Wanted?

BIG COTTON MARKET BREAK.

Third Sensational Slump During Past Few Days—Conditions.

New York, Jan. 12.—There was a further big break in the cotton market today making the third sensational slump in prices since the movement started early last week. Panic-stricken longs in all parts of the world seemed to be liquidating their cotton regardless of prices and the action of the market showed such intense excitement and demoralization as finds a parallel only in the series of sensational movement following the collapse of the Sully boom.

For more than a year the cotton market has been steadily advancing and toward the end of last month prices had reached a level, which, since the Civil War, had only been equalled when Sully was at the height of his fame, March contracts selling at 1617 and May at 16.46. But at the culminating point of today's decline March contracts sold at 14.60 and May at 14.78, a loss from the high record of from $7.85 to $8.40 a bale, almost all of which has occurred during the past week. The declines from the closing prices of last night amounted to more than $3.50 per bale.

There does not appear to have been any change in general trade conditions to warrant the almost unprecedented slump in prices and in contrast to the Sully year no financial difficulties have been precipitated.

It is apparent, however, that one after another of the big bull cliques which had been organized independently during the progress of the big bull market have been liquidating.

Possibly the selling movement was originally due to an effort to obtain profits on long lines owing to the approach of the new planting season and expectations of greatly increased area while the absence of any speculative short interest left the market with very little support. It was reported today that spinners were buying more freely in the South and late advices from the leading Southern spot markets show no material weakness.

New Orleans, Jan. 12.—Owing to the failure of Liverpool to respond to the advance in American markets yesterday there was another sensational decline in the price of cotton on the local exchange this morning, initial prices being 46 to 47 points lower than the close yesterday on the old crop positions, or a loss of about $2.50 a bale.

May was the weakest month, showing the heaviest liquidation by longs. Following the opening decline there was a recovery of 23 to 25 points followed by another easing off period.

Before noon the bears hammered the March option down to 14.77, a net loss of about $3.50 a bale. A rumor from New York became current that a well known speculator prominently identified with the bull movement had ordered his brokers to unload.

GRAVES SUCCEEDS PINCHOT.

Director of Yale Forest School Appointed Chief Forester.

Washington, Jan. 12.—President Taft this afternoon appointed Henry S. Graves, director of the Yale Forest School as forester of the United States to succeed Gifford Pinchot, and Albert F. Potter, at present acting forester, as associate forester.

Both men have served under Mr. Pinchot and both are in sympathy with his policy of administration.

It was largely through Mr. Pinchot's efforts that the Yale forest school was established and Mr. Graves went from the post of assistant chief of the division of the forestry under Mr. Pinchot to become director of the school in 1900.

Mr. Graves graduated from Yale in 1892. He was trained in forestry in this country and in Europe. Mr. Graves will take up his duties as forester February 1st.

Mr. Potter, the new associate forester, who succeeds Overton W. Price, is a native of California, and has spent all of his life in the West until he became a member of the forestry staff nine years ago.

TO LOCATE IN WILMINGTON.

Mr. Lloyd Wells Comes to Position With Atlantic Coast Line.

Wilson, Jan. 11.—Thursday morning next Mr. Lloyd Wells, who has so faithfully and efficiently served as deputy register of deeds of Wilson county, will leave for Wilmington, where he has accepted a position in the auditor's office of the Atlantic Coast Line railroad. His many friends in Wilson—and they are legion—regret that they are called upon to give up Lloyd, but are proud to know that the call to go "higher up" has fell to his lot, knowing that he will be able to make good in any position he may be intrusted to grace. All of Wilson commends him to the good people of Wilmington, believing that his friends will be as numerous in "the city by the sea" as they are in the leading tobacco town of the State.

S. C. LEGISLATURE.

Both Houses Down to Business at Columbia—State Charities.

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 12.—In both houses of the South Carolina General Assembly today a bill was introduced providing for a State Board of charities and Correction, while in the Senate an important bill was to amend the High School act so that the State Board of Education will constitute the High School Board; that not more than $500 shall be appropriated to a two-year high school, more than $600 to a three-year high school, nor more than $700 to a four-year school. An additional $100 may be given to a town high school or one embracing six districts. No aid is to be given to any school unless the districts levy as much as two mills special school tax, common or high.

The Charities bill follows the recommendations at the recent conference in Columbia and is fashioned after the Virginia law to be composed of five members appointed by the governor and who shall receive $5,000 for the maintenance of the office. The duties of the board are defined as visitorial and advisory. Plans for all jails and houses of correction are to be submitted to the board.

The House was in session little more than an hour. Mr. Dixon introduced a resolution petitioning Congress for a return of South Carolina's portion of the cotton tax; Mr. Hughes, a joint resolution providing a commission to secure a replica of the statue of Calhoun recently placed in Statuary Hall, Washington, to be placed in the rotunda of the State capitol; Mr. Dixon, concurrent resolution that Congress be memorialized to establish a fish hatchery in the State; Mr. McMahan, requiring display of the State flag on all State buildings and schools, flags to be made in the textile department of Clemson and furnished at cost; Mr. Sawyer, that the House be provided with Glenn Springs water; a concurrent resolution that the Assembly accept the invitation of the acting president to visit Clemson Jan. 22nd; concurrent resolution endorsing Senator Smith's drainage bill in Congress.

So far State-wide prohibition has not been reached. In the Senate there was a lively debate of the bill to allow circuit judges $500 for traveling expenses but by a vote of 21 to 15 the question was postponed. Senator Wharton's bill to exempt rural delivery carriers from road duty was killed. The bill for the establishment of Dillon county was ordered printed and referred to committee. There is no intimation as to whether or not there will be a fight. Both Houses meet at 11 A. M. tomorrow.

DEATH IN NORFOLK FIRE.

Two Children and Leon E. Miles, of Warren, N. C., Victims.

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 12.—Three persons, two of them children, were burned to death in a fire which early today destroyed several of the smaller buildings in the Jamestown Exposition grounds. The fire started in the Baltimore city building which was occupied by H. T. Halstead, of Baltimore, as a residence.

The occupants were asleep when the fire began. Neva and Walter Halstead were suffocated and burned before they could be gotten out, and Leon E. Miles, pier foreman of the Virginia Railway, who was asleep also in an upper room, was not awakened until the fire had gained such headway as to cut off rescue. The bodies of the three were almost cremated. Miles was from Warren, N. C.

In an attempt to escape Mrs. Halstead, mother of the two children, jumped from a second story window, breaking her right ankle and severely injuring her head. Being a very heavy woman, her husband could not move her quickly and she was badly burned while lying helpless. It is thought her skull is fractured. She was taken to the Norfolk hospital and J. H. Summerill, weigh master for the Virginia Railway, a boarder in the building who wrenched his back in jumping from an upper window to escape from the flames. He was considerably burned.

The fire was a stubborn one and was fought with great difficulty. Before the firemen had got the flames under control the Baltimore City, United Daughters of the Confederacy, Grand Trunk Railway and Pan-Presbyterian buildings had been destroyed. The Daughters of the Confederacy building was a duplicate of "Beauvoir," the former home in Mississippi of Jefferson Davis, president of the Confederacy. The Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania State and other buildings were threatened. The burned buildings cost about $15,000. They were not insured.

MARRIAGE AT "HEARTSEASE."

Miss Suggs Bride of Mr. Speight—Affairs at Rocky Mount, N. C.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Rocky Mount, N. C., Jan. 12.—This afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. W. G. Suggs, at Heartsease, Edgecombe county, a pretty home wedding was solemnized when her daughter, Miss Annie Suggs was given in marriage to Mr. Henry Speight. The marriage was one of the most prominent of the month.

G. P. Conway, U. S. Rural route inspector, who came last week for an inspection of the service in Nash and Edgecombe counties, is ill at his boarding house in this city and it is feared that he has pneumonia.

Yesterday afternoon Lottie Battle, an 18-months-old colored child here, died as the result of burns received Monday afternoon when she fell into the fire, while the mother had left the room for a moment.

Mr. Ben. Spiers has presented the local military company with a medal for the "best drilled soldier" to be contested for monthly and to be the property of the soldier winning it the greatest number of times in 12 months, a new medal to be given by Mr. Spiers each year.

Mr. Gray Armstrong, a prominent Nash planter, after several weeks' illness, died yesterday afternoon, aged about 75. The funeral was held from the residence this afternoon.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHE.

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy removes cause. Call for full name. Look for signature E. W. GROVE. 25c.

YOUR CAKE IS ALL DOUGH or at least it might as well be unless you use SAUER'S FLAVORING EXTRACTS

THEY ACCUSED CONGRESS.

Independent Tobacco Men Declares Legislation Favors Trust.

Washington, Jan. 12.—Congress was arraigned today at the annual meeting of the Independent Tobacco Manufacturers, President Hugh Campbell, of Richmond, Va., accused that body of siding with the tobacco trust and declared the increase of the revenue tax on tobacco from six to eight cents could be interpreted in no other way.

If the increase is carried into effect this year, he said, combined with the advanced prices of Burley tobacco, it will bring many of the independents face to face with ruin. The only hope of the Independents, President Campbell declared, is to get a year grace before the increase goes into effect.

He quoted statistics of the Bureau of Corporations to show that the trust profits nine cents on the tobacco which it manufactures and sells while the independents profit it but a little more than two cents a pound. It was decided to ask Congress for a year's extension of time before the new tax became effective.

The following were elected:

President, W. F. Axton, Louisville, Ky.; vice president, W. T. Reed, Richmond, Va.; secretary treasurer, J. A. Block, Wheeling, W. Va.

President Campbell took Senator Bradley, of Kentucky, to task for a statement made in the Senate chamber of May 28th, 1909, when the Senator scouted the idea that the Independents were really independent and rather inclined to the belief that they were secretly working with the trust.

"These independents whom the Senator derides," said President Campbell, "manufactured and sold 88,000,000 pounds of tobacco in 1906 and paid to the government taxes of more than $5,000,000 and in his own State and out of it there are many independent tobacco manufacturers who exist because they could neither be bought nor forced out."

Mr. Campbell declared that while no one could venture to say what would be the outcome of the government's suit against the tobacco trust the independents felt certain that one of its results would be that independent goods would no longer be thrown out by jobbers, as he said, has been done in some sections of the country.

GOV. GRAHAM BUST.

Presented With Imoosing Ceremonies at Raleigh Last Night.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 12.—An audience that overflowed Representative Hall and corridors of the State House and included members of the Grand Lodge of Masons in a body attended ceremonies tonight for the presentation of a marble bust of Governor William A. Graham to the State by the State Historical Commission. The highest tribute to the personality and public service of Governor Graham was paid by distinguished speakers. His service as Governor, United States Senator, Secretary of the Navy during President Fhlmore's administration, came in for special attention. Also the high honor that came to him in the Whig nomination for vice president on the ticket with General Scott.

Frank Nash, of Hillsboro, delivered the address on the personality and public service of Governor Graham. Thomas W. Mason, of Northampton, on the "Value of Historical Memorials in a Democratic State."

Col. J. Bryan Grimes, as president of the commission, presented the bust, declaring Governor Graham was selected as the first citizen to be honored with a niche in the rotunda because he was the ideal North Carolinian of National reputation and service. He lamented the fact that the niches had been vacant all these years and stressed the duty of hastening to fill them with busts of citizens deserving the honor. Governor Kitchin, in accepting the bust, paid high tribute to Governor Graham and declared that no family has for so many generations furnished men giving such high and efficient service to the State as the Graham family.

VIRGINA NEGROES SEE TAFT.

Asked the President Not to Appoint to Office Certain White Men.

Washington, Jan. 12.—A delegation of negro attorneys and business men from various cities in Virginia called on President Taft today and urged him not to appoint to office white men whose sole claim was their antagonism and activity against the negro. The negroes declared that they did not see any difference between a white man who attempted to stir up strife and a negro who did the same thing, and they respectfully asked the President to inquire into the records of the men appointed in the South in this particular.

Highland Light, Mass., Jan. 12.—It was fortunate that the schooner S. M. Bird, Norfolk for Boston, with coal, was near Pollock Rip lightship last night when she sprang a leak and sank, for the crew and the captain's wife were enabled to reach the lightship after a short but hard row in their yawl boat.

GUESS what I'm wishing for right now;—a box of NUNNALLY'S. No other candy can take its place. There is none so pure, so good, so uniformly fresh. It comes to town almost daily by fast express—which keeps it in much daintier condition than the other candies which come by slow freight.

Nunnally's

A fresh supply always kept by J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO.

"None Like Nunnally's."

WILL SUE NORTH CAROLINA.

State of Rhode Island to Ask for Payment of Coupons on Bonds.

Providence, R. I., Jan. 12.—Proposing that the State of Rhode Island should take legal action to recover from the State of North Carolina payment of coupons on bonds issued by the latter State in 1869, the bondholders' committee of North Carolina today sent to Governor Aram J. Pothier these bonds, amounting to $511,000. The original issue amounted to $13,000,000 distributed among individuals in various parts of the country. It is understood that the State paid the coupons for only three years.

A few years ago the State of North Dakota secured judgment against the State of North Carolina for the amount due individuals in North Dakota, but the decision in the case was not broad enough to cover bondholders in other States. As an individual cannot bring suit against a State, the bondholders now desire the State of Rhode Island to take the matter up and endeavor to have final payment made in all cases. Governor Pothier referred the proposition to the General Assembly.

New York, Jan. 12.—The bonds upon which Rhode Island will demand payment of North Carolina, though held by individuals, have been given outright to Rhode Island for the purpose of collection and if anything is realized on them the proceeds will be used for public improvements.

New York City is the headquarters of the "North Carolina Bondholders" and through Edward L. Andrews, their secretary, they made public tonight a letter written to Governor Pothier saying among other things: "While the holders of these bonds have no intention of restricting in the slightest manner the uses to which they should be applied, they would be gratified if their proceeds were utilized for the public and enduring object of the Metropolitan Park improvements.

SEVENTEEN OF CREW GONE.

British Steamer Lost Men by Terrible Scourge and Big Wave.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 12.—Lacking 17 members of the crew with which she left Caleta Buena, Chile, for Savannah, the British steamship Goodwin is in port and it became known today that beri beri and a giant wave in a storm had bereft Capt. W. A. Peters of that many of his men. The Goodwin sailed for this port on November 18th. Beri beri broke out immediately. Before she left port two of her crew were dead. At Iquique two others died, and at Taltal two others. After that three sailors died at sea of the terrible scourge and were buried at sea according to the rites of the Mohamedan religion of which they were devotees. At Montevideo eight of the Lascars in the crew were ill and were left for treatment. It is not known if any of them are alive.

Just before the ship entered the Straits of Magellan November 24th a giant wave came over the rail and took away the ship's carpenter.

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

Advertisements inserted under this head one cent per word for each insertion but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, one cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, A. D. T. (Western Union) Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A. D. T. Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Co., or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for the telegrams but a small charge for strictly A. D. T. calls. For this service call Western Union, 'Phone No. 2. But for advertisements always call the Star office No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

WHEN IN NEED of choice domestic and foreign fruits and nuts call at 118 South Front street or 'phone 1155. Home-made candy made daily, a specialty. Xanthos Brothers, proprietors. ja 13 su we 2m

WANTED—By three young men, suite of rooms with board, convenient to bath. Answer "F. O. T." Box 548, City. Ja 13 1t*

FOR SALE—Full blood Shepherd pups, age nine weeks, one female, four males. Males $5.00, female $2.00. F. O. B. Falson, N. C. Z. V. Blount. Ja 13 1t*

ARE YOU SEEKING A HOME? Four room cottage and lot, 83x95 feet in size; gas, water and electricity; immediately on on beltline and less than half a block from suburban and Carolina Place car lines. Stop paying rent and arrange for this home through building and loan. Address for all information, B. S. W., care Star. Ja 13 tf

INVESTMENT WANTED—Will you be satisfied with 12 per cent. We have a good investment on South Sixth street, three five-room houses in good renting condition. Well worth the money. Let us tell you about the property. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate Agents. Ja 12 2t

OLD ESTABLISHED Specialty Paint Manufacturing Co. desires to employ first-class traveling salesman. Experience in paint business unnecessary. Good salary and liberal expense account. The Eclipse Paint Mfg. Co., Cleveland, Ohio. ja 13 15 18 3t.*

CHARLES T. HARPER, M. D.—Practice limited to Genito-Urinary and Rectal diseases. Office 507-508 Southern Building, Wilmington, N. C. Phone 1166. Ja 11 3m

FOR SALE—Nice Pony, suitable for family use. Address Y. H., care Star. Ja 11 3t

WANTED—Ambitious young man to become traveling salesman. Bradstreet System, Dept. 577, Rochester, N. Y. ja 9 11 13 3t*

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER, notary Public. Expert work, any kind, anywhere, any time. Meares Harriss, 114 Princess street. Office 'phone 708, residence 546. ja 9 su tu th tf.

CAN YOU appreciate an opportunity when you have it? We have a fine Chestnut street residence proposition to offer you then. Fine neighborhood, new buildings. Paying over 6 per cent. net. Smith & Lord, sole agents, 120 Princess street. Pone 766. Ja 9 tf

WANTED AT ONCE—Boy about 18 years of age to stay in store, healthy location, good home, splendid chance for promotion. No whiskey drinker or cigarette smoker need apply. Address D. L. Cromartie, Garland, N. C. Ja 9 4t

FOR SALE CHEAP—A bargain horse, surry, harness and saddle (new) and bridle horse nine years old. Can be driven by any child. J. A. Fettel, 307 North Sixth street. Ja 9 tf

FOR SALE—At a bargain one of the best soda fountains in the State, with also rent store where fountain is in use. For information, Address "B. C." care Star. Ja 9 tf.

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

SHIP ME your eggs, poultry, hams, hides, beeswax and any kind of produce. Will pay highest market prices and make prompt returns. N. C. Hams a specialty. C. B. Bellois, 16 North Second street. 'Phone 1576. de 12 tf

FOR SALE—15 horse power gasoline engine, International make. Practically new. Apply to Box 44, Fairmont, N. C., ja 9 10t*

LOST MONEY LOUISE—In days gone by but now I'm wise. I've found where and how to make money by shipping my raw furs, hides, tallow, wool, beeswax, warm seed, produce etc., to C. D. Gilbert & Bro., 212 Market street. de 7 tf

PHOTOGRAPHS — Enlargements, copying, framing, viewing and fine photographic work of every description. At the U. C. Ellis Studio. no 18 tf

EXTRA CHOICE BEEF today; also fine lot of oysters, Norfolk and New River. Nice dressed poultry, celery and lettuce. Palace Market 'phine 72. ja 8 tf

FOR SALE, the valuable property on Princess street until recently known as the "Star Building." Four floors including basement. Size of lot, 58 1-4x66 feet, and includes half of the wide alley adjoining building on West. Only 66 feet from the site of the new Customs House. Address Wm. H. Bernard, Fayetteville, N. C. Ja 5 tf

LEARN TO DANCE—Private lessons in dancing on Monday and Thursday nights at 8:30 o'clock. Competent teachers and strictly private. Kneisel's Academy of Dancing, Masonic Temple. ja 4 1m

I WILL TRY to please all with the best of Cigars, tobacco, cigarettes, near beer and cold drinks. Seven pool tables running at 2 1-2 cents per cue. D. L. T. Capps. Ja 2 tf

MONEY TO LOAN on diamonds and revolvers, shot guns and anything of value at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop, 108 Market street. ja 1 tf

QUIAL ON TOAST. Lynnhaven Bay Oysters and all other delicacies of the season with the usual substantials that go to make up a first class bill of fare at any cafe. The Junction Restaurant, "Just at the Corner," convenient to all trains, suburban line, etc. Open day and night, Sundays too. no 30 tf

KEEP YOUR EYE on our show case. The display will be changed frequently. Every time we change it will be better. The Gem Studio, Foltz & Kendrick, 134 Market street. no 27 tf.

SULTANA OLIVE OIL—Mr. Vafiadi, the Sultana agent here, has arranged to have this oil distributed in the future by Hall's drug store, Fifth and Castle. Pints 50c. Quarts $1.00. Phone orders filled promptly. no 4 tf

ACADEMY

SCHLOSS THEATRE CIRCUIT

Saturday, Jan. 15th.

MATINEE AND NIGHT.

The Popular Actress

MISS FLORENCE DAVIS,

In the Big Comedy Success:

"ARE YOU A SUFFRAGETTE?"

Matinee Prices—75, 50 and 25 cents.

Night Prices—$1.50 to 25 cents.

Seats on sale at the Crystal Palace Friday, Jan 13 3t.

Crystal Palace

Famed

Talking Pictures

And

CLEVER VAUDEVILLE.

Admission Now at Any Time—10 cents

Ja 13 tf

The Security Life and Annuity Co.

of Greensboro, N. C.

Issues all forms of policy contracts at the lowest possible rates consistent with absolute safety, and especially directs your attention to the Annual Dividend Contract, which has no equal in points of liberality.

BECAUSE it pays, taking into account the difference in premium, the largest cash annual dividend.

BECAUSE it has a disability clause that is not suprassed by any company in the life insurance business.

For further information write or call on

SECURITY LIFE AND ANNUITY COMPANY

Greensboro, N. C.

or

A. B. SMITH, Special Agent, At Colonial Inn.

C. F. SMITH, Local Agent, 110 Dock Street.

Ja 12 1w

FERTILIZER MATERIAL

468 Bags Muriate Potash.
961 Bags Nitrate Soda.
147 Bags Sulphate Potash.
210 Tons Kainit.
750 Tons 16 Per Cent Acid.
321 Bags Medium Head Rice.
172 Bags Fancy Head Rice.
216 Bags Japan Head Rice.
279 Bags Broken Rice.
186 Bags Lima Beans.
216 Bags Michigan Pea Beans.
Three Cars Maine grown Seed Potatoes to arrive.

W. B. Cooper,

Importers and Jobbers.

Wilmington, N. C.

Ja 9 tf.

Ahead or Behind?

Do you spend all you make or save part? The surest, safest way to forge ahead and stick is to deposit a portion of your earnings at **4 per cent. interest** in our Savings Department, We encourage and help you to save your money. As little as one dollar opens an account.

THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK

Front St., Wilmington, N. C.

Ja 11 tf

REMOVAL SALE

Beginning Saturday, January 15

In order to reduce my stock before moving, will offer special prices in all departments. Housekeepers needing Dishes or Glasses can supply their wants to advantage at this sale. These goods must be sold at some price in the next few weeks.

F. A. BISSINGER

119 Market Street.

Ja 13 tf

New Spring Goods ARE HERE!

More attractive and prettier than ever; Silks, Ginghams, Percales, White Goods, Laces, and Embroideries.

We are offering 500 yards of white, pure Linen Lawn, a full yard wide, at per yd ... 25c

This is a wonderful value, considering the advance in the prices of linens.

C. H. Fore & Co.

Sole agents for Dr. Jaeger's Pure Wool Underwear and Warner's and Redfern Corsets.

Ja 13 tf

THE Springer Coal CO.

wishes to announce that they are better prepared this season than ever to supply

Coal AND Wood

of the highest grades

Our stocks and our equipment warrant us in promising the public everything they require in our line.

THE SPRINGER COAL COMPANY

The

Southern National Bank

Opposite Postoffice. Organized 1905.

Capital	$ 200,000.00
Surplus and Profits	145,000.00
Total Assets	2,225.000.00

MATT J. HEYER, President, CHAS. N. EVANS, Cashier.

School of Languages

PROF. M. BIANCHI BAROZZI

Garrell Building. — 218 S. Third St. — Phone 1769.

Ja 11 tf